



User Manual

Read and understand this manual before using machine.

8" DELUXE JOINTER



**Model Number
40620**



STEEL CITY TOOL WORKS

Presented by the Kansas City Woodworkers' Guild
<http://www.kcwoodworkersguild.org>

Manual Part No. OR72075



THANK YOU for purchasing your new Steel City Jointer. This jointer has been designed, tested, and inspected with you, the customer, in mind. When properly used and maintained, your jointer will provide you with years of trouble free service, which is why it is backed by one of the longest machinery warranties in the business.

This jointer is just one of many products in the Steel City's family of woodworking machinery and is proof of our commitment to total customer satisfaction.

At Steel City we continue to strive for excellence each and every day and value the opinion of you, our customer. For comments about your jointer or Steel City Tool Works, please visit our web site at www.steelcitytoolworks.com .

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INTRODUCTION

This user manual is intended for use by anyone working with this machine. It should be kept available for immediate reference so that all operations can be performed with maximum efficiency and safety. Do not attempt to perform maintenance or operate this machine until you have read and understand the information contained in this manual.

The drawings, illustrations, photographs, and specifications in this user manual represent your machine at time of print. However, changes may be made to your machine or this manual at any time with no obligation to Steel City Tool Works.

WARRANTY

STEEL CITY TOOL WORKS 5 YEAR LIMITED WARRANTY

Steel City Tool Works, LLC ("SCTW") warrants all "STEEL CITY TOOL WORKS" machinery to be free of defects in workmanship and materials for a period of 5 years from the date of the original retail purchase by the original owner. SCTW will repair or replace, at its expense and at its option, any SCTW machine, machine part, or machine accessory which in normal use has proven to be defective, provided that the customer returns the product, shipping prepaid, to an authorized service center with proof of purchase and provides SCTW with a reasonable opportunity to verify the alleged defect by inspection. This warranty does not apply to defects due directly or indirectly to misuse, abuse, negligence, accidents, or lack of maintenance, or to repairs or alterations made or specifically authorized by anyone other than SCTW. Normal wear components are also excluded under this coverage. Every effort has been made to ensure that all SCTW machinery meets the highest quality and durability standards. We reserve the right to change specifications at any time due to our commitment to continuous improvement of the quality of our products.

EXCEPT AS SET FORTH ABOVE, SCTW MAKES NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES WITH RESPECT TO ITS MACHINERY, OR ITS CONDITION, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE. SCTW FURNISHES THE ABOVE WARRANTIES IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMED.

SCTW SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY (A) SPECIAL, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, PUNITIVE OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION LOSS OF PROFITS, ARISING FROM OR RELATED TO THIS WARRANTY, THE BREACH OF ANY AGREEMENT OR WARRANTY, OR THE OPERATION OR USE OF ITS MACHINERY, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION DAMAGES ARISING FROM DAMAGE TO FIXTURES, TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, PARTS OR MATERIALS, DIRECT OR INDIRECT LOSS CAUSED BY ANY OTHER PARTY, LOSS OF REVENUE OR PROFITS, FINANCING OR INTEREST CHARGES, AND CLAIMS BY ANY THIRD PERSON, WHETHER OR NOT NOTICE OF SUCH POSSIBLE DAMAGES HAS BEEN GIVEN TO SCTW; (B) DAMAGES OF ANY KIND FOR ANY DELAY BY OR FAILURE OF SCTW TO PERFORM ITS OBLIGATIONS UNDER THIS AGREEMENT; OR (C) CLAIMS MADE A SUBJECT OF A LEGAL PROCEEDING AGAINST SCTW MORE THAN ONE (1) YEAR AFTER SUCH CAUSE OF ACTION FIRST AROSE.

The validity, construction and performance of this Warranty and any sale of machinery by SCTW shall be governed by the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, without regard to conflicts of laws provisions of any jurisdiction. Any action related in any way to any alleged or actual offer, acceptance or sale by SCTW, or any claim related to the performance of any agreement including without limitation this Warranty, shall take place in the federal or state courts in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania.

STEEL CITY TOOL WORKS

WARRANTY CARD

Name _____
Street _____
Apt. No. _____
City _____ State _____ Zip _____
Phone Number _____
E-Mail _____

Product Description: _____
Model No.: _____
Serial No. _____

The following information is given on a voluntary basis and is strictly confidential.

1. Where did you purchase your STEEL CITY machine?
Store: _____
City: _____

2. How did you first learn of Steel City Tool Works?
 Advertisement Mail Order Catalog
 Web Site Friend
 Local Store Other _____

3. Which of the following magazines do you subscribe to?
 American Woodworker American How-To
 Cabinetmaker Family Handyman
 Fine Homebuilding Fine Woodworking
 Journal of Light Construction Old House Journal
 Popular Mechanics Popular Science
 Popular Woodworking Today's Homeowner
 WOOD Woodcraft
 WOODEN Boat Woodshop News
 Woodsmith Woodwork
 Woodworker Woodworker's Journal
 Workbench Other _____

4. Which of the following woodworking / remodeling shows do you watch?
 Backyard America The American Woodworker
 Home Time The New Yankee Workshop
 This Old House Woodwright's Shop
Other _____

5. What is your annual household income?
 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999
 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999
 \$60,000 to \$69,999 70,000 to \$79,999
 \$80,000 to \$89,999 \$90,000 +

6. What is your age group?
 20 to 29 years 30 to 39 years
 40 to 49 years 50 to 59 years
 60 to 69 years 70 + years

7. How long have you been a woodworker?
 0 to 2 years 2 to 8 years
 8 to 20 years over 20 years

8. How would you rank your woodworking skills?
 Simple Intermediate
 Advance Master Craftsman

9. How many Steel City machines do you own? _____

10. What stationary woodworking tools do you own?
Check all that apply.
 Air Compressor Band Saw
 Drill Press Drum Sander
 Dust Collection Horizontal Boring Machine
 Jointer Lathe
 Mortiser Panel Saw
 Planer Power Feeder
 Radial Arm Saw Shaper
 Spindle Sander Table Saw
 Vacuum Veneer Press Wide Belt Sander
Other _____

11. Which benchtop tools do you own? *Check all that apply.*
 Belt Sander Belt / Disc Sander
 Drill Press Band Saw
 Grinder Mini Jointer
 Mini Lathe Scroll Saw
 Spindle / Belt Sander Other _____

12. Which portable / hand held power tools do you own?
Check all that apply.
 Belt Sander Biscuit Jointer
 Dust Collector Circular Saw
 Detail Sander Drill / Driver
 Miter Saw Orbital Sander
 Palm Sander Portable Thickness Planer
 Saber Saw Reciprocating Saw
 Router Other _____

13. What machines / accessories would you like to see added to the STEEL CITY line?

14. What new accessories would you like to see added?

15. Do you think your purchase represents good value?
 Yes No

16. Would you recommend STEEL CITY products to a friend?
 Yes No

17. Comments:

CUT HERE

FOLD ON DOTTED LINE

PLACE
STAMP
HERE

Steel City Tool Works
P.O. Box 10529
Murfreesboro, TN 37129

FOLD ON DOTTED LINE

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Motor Specifications:

Type	TEFC Induction, Ball Bearing
Continuous Duty Horsepower	2 HP
Amps	7.5
Voltage	230
Phase	Single
Hertz	60
RPM	3450 (no load)

Product Dimensions:

Footprint	24" x 17-1/2"
Length	75-1/2"
Width	23-1/2"
Height	42"
Total Net Weight	447 lbs with stand

Product Specifications:

Table	8" x 75-1/2"
Number of Knives	3
Cutterhead Diameter	3-1/8"
Cutterhead Speed	5,000 RPM
Cuts per Minute	15,000
Knife Adjustment	Quick-change
Fence Size Overall	5-1/2" x 48"
Maximum Depth of cut	1/2"
Maximum Depth of rabbet	1/2"

Shipping Dimensions:

JOINTER

Carton Type	Wooden Crate
Length	78"
Width	27"
Height	17-1/2"
Gross Weight	429

STAND

Carton type	Cardboard Box
Length	26"
Width	23-1/2"
Height	17-1/2"
Gross Weight	134

ACCESSORIES AND ATTACHMENTS

There are a variety of accessories available for your Steel City Product. For more information on any accessories associated with this and other machines, please contact your nearest Steel City distributor, or visit our website at: www.steelcitytoolworks.com.

DEFINITION OF TERMS

Edge Jointing: The process of making the edge of a piece of stock straight and square

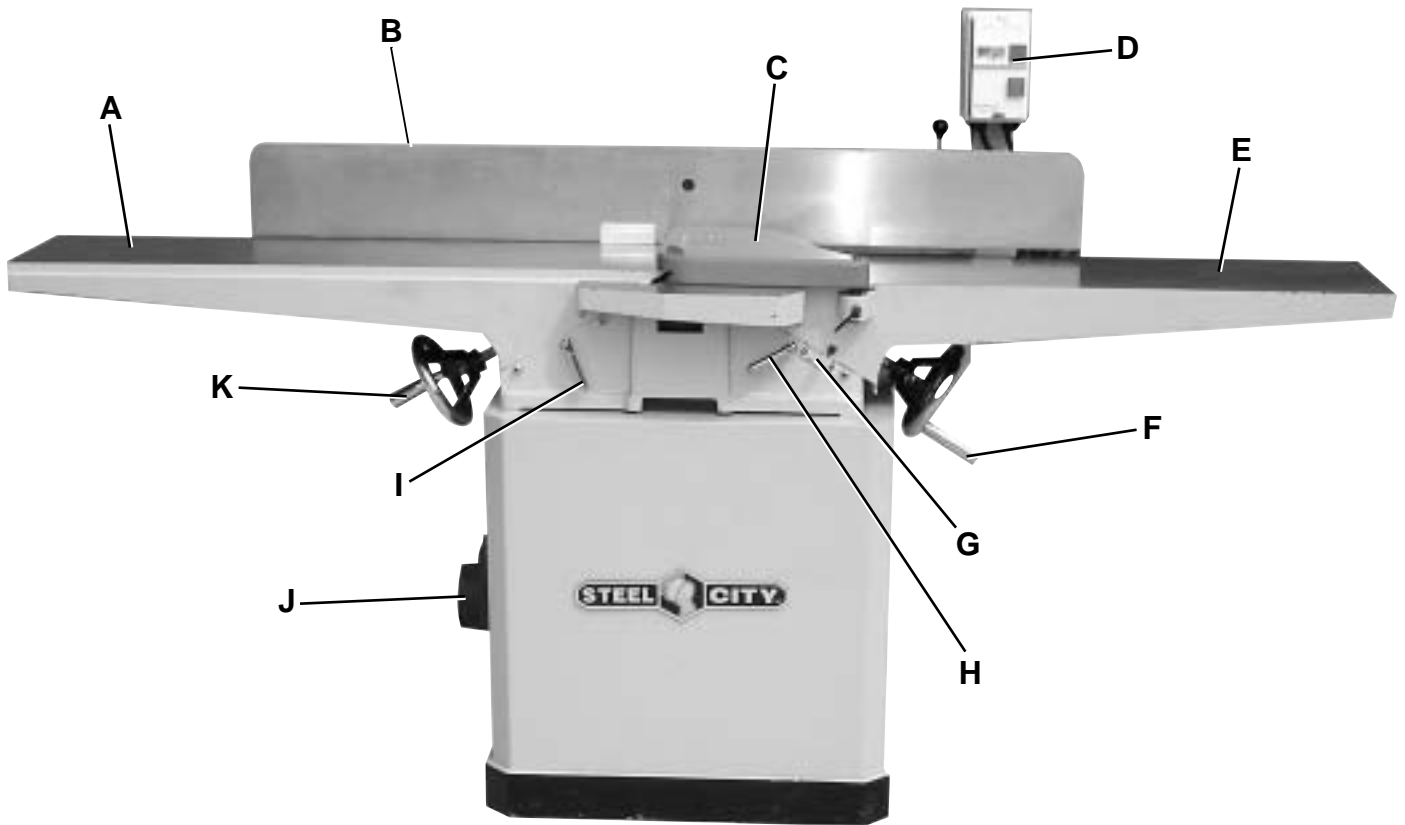
Face Jointing: Similar to edge jointing except rather than the edge it is the face of the board that is being machined flat and square.

Gum, Pitch or Resin: A sticky sap based residue that comes from wood products.

Rabbet: A rectangular cut or groove along or near the edge of a piece of wood that allows another piece to fit into it to form a joint

Snipe: Gouging or depression of the board at the ends. Snipe can occur either at the beginning of the board going into the jointer or at the end of the board as it comes out of the jointer.

FEATURE IDENTIFICATION



- | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| A) Outfeed Table | G) Depth Scale |
| B) Fence | H) Infeed Table Lock Handle |
| C) Cutterhead Guard | I) Outfeed Table Lock Handle |
| D) Power Switch | J) Dust Port |
| E) Infeed Table | K) Outfeed Table Raise/Lower Handwheel |
| F) Infeed Table Raise/Lower Handwheel | |

GENERAL SAFETY

⚠ WARNING

TO AVOID serious injury and damage to the machine, read and follow all Safety and Operating Instructions before assembling and operating this machine.

This manual is not totally comprehensive. It does not and can not convey every possible safety and operational problem which may arise while using this machine. The manual will cover many of the basic and specific safety procedures needed in an industrial environment.

All federal and state laws and any regulations having jurisdiction covering the safety requirements for use of this machine take precedence over the statements in this manual. Users of this machine must adhere to all such regulations.

Below is a list of symbols that are used to attract your attention to possible dangerous conditions.



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

⚠ DANGER

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **WILL** result in death or serious injury.

⚠ WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **COULD** result in death or serious injury.

⚠ CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation, if not avoided, **MAY** result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

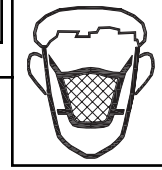
CAUTION

CAUTION used without the safety alert symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in property damage.

NOTICE

This symbol is used to alert the user to useful information about proper operation of the machine.

⚠ WARNING



Exposure to the dust created by power sanding, sawing, grinding, drilling and other construction activities may cause serious and permanent respiratory or other injury, including silicosis (a serious lung disease), cancer, and death. Avoid breathing the dust, and avoid prolonged contact with dust. The dust may contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Some examples of these chemicals are:

- Lead from lead-based paints.
- Crystalline silica from bricks, cement and other masonry products.
- Arsenic and chromium from chemically-treated lumber.

Always operate tool in well ventilated area and provide for proper dust removal. Use a dust collection system along with an air filtration system whenever possible. Always use properly fitting NIOSH/OSHA approved respiratory protection appropriate for the dust exposure, and wash exposed areas with soap and water.

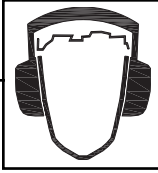
1. To avoid serious injury and damage to the machine, read the entire User Manual before assembly and operation of this machine.

⚠ WARNING



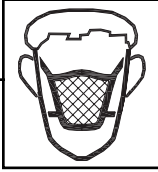
2. **ALWAYS** wear eye protection. Any machine can throw debris into the eyes during operations, which could cause severe and permanent eye damage. Everyday eyeglasses are **NOT** safety glasses. **ALWAYS** wear Safety Goggles (that comply with ANSI standard Z87.1) when operating power tools.

⚠ WARNING



3. **ALWAYS** wear hearing protection. Plain cotton is not an acceptable protective device. Hearing equipment should comply with ANSI S3.19 Standards.

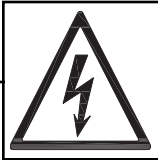
⚠ WARNING



4. **ALWAYS** wear a NIOSH/OSHA approved dust mask to prevent inhaling dangerous dust or airborne particles.

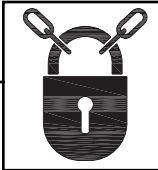
5. **ALWAYS** keep the work area clean, well lit, and organized. **DO NOT** work in an area that has slippery floor surfaces from debris, grease, and wax.
6. **ALWAYS** unplug the machine from the electrical receptacle when making adjustments, changing parts or performing any maintenance.
7. **AVOID ACCIDENTAL STARTING.** Make sure that the power switch is in the "OFF" position before plugging in the power cord to the electrical receptacle.

⚠ WARNING



8. **AVOID** a dangerous working environment. **DO NOT** use electrical tools in a damp environment or expose them to rain or moisture.

⚠ WARNING



9. **CHILDPROOF THE WORKSHOP AREA** by removing switch keys, unplugging tools from the electrical receptacles, and using padlocks.

10. **DO NOT** use electrical tools in the presence of flammable liquids or gasses.

11. **DO NOT FORCE** the machine to perform an operation for which it was not designed. It will do a safer and higher quality job by only performing operations for which the machine was intended.
12. **DO NOT** stand on a machine. Serious injury could result if it tips over or you accidentally contact any moving part.
13. **DO NOT** store anything above or near the machine.
14. **DO NOT** operate any machine or tool if under the influence of drugs, alcohol, or medication.
15. **EACH AND EVERY** time, check for damaged parts prior to using any machine. Carefully check all guards to see that they operate properly, are not damaged, and perform their intended functions. Check for alignment, binding or breakage of all moving parts. Any guard or other part that is damaged should be immediately repaired or replaced.
16. Ground all machines. If any machine is supplied with a 3-prong plug, it must be plugged into a 3-contact electrical receptacle. The third prong is used to ground the tool and provide protection against accidental electric shock. **DO NOT** remove the third prong.
17. Keep visitors and children away from any machine. **DO NOT** permit people to be in the immediate work area, especially when the machine is operating.
18. **KEEP** protective guards in place and in working order.
19. **MAINTAIN** your balance. **DO NOT** extend yourself over the tool. Wear oil resistant rubber soled shoes. Keep floor clear of debris, grease, and wax.
20. **MAINTAIN** all machines with care. **ALWAYS KEEP** machine clean and in good working order. **KEEP** all blades and tool bits sharp.
21. **NEVER** leave a machine running, unattended. Turn the power switch to the OFF position. **DO NOT** leave the machine until it has come to a complete stop.
22. **REMOVE ALL MAINTENANCE TOOLS** from the immediate area prior to turning the machine ON.
23. **SECURE** all work. When it is possible, use clamps or jigs to secure the workpiece. This is safer than attempting to hold the workpiece with your hands.
24. **STAY ALERT**, watch what you are doing, and use common sense when operating any machine. **DO NOT** operate any machine tool while tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol, or medication. A moment of inattention while operating power tools may result in serious personal injury.

25. **USE ONLY** recommended accessories. Use of incorrect or improper accessories could cause serious injury to the operator and cause damage to the machine. If in doubt, **DO NOT** use it.
26. **THE USE** of extension cords is not recommended for 230V equipment. It is better to arrange the placement of your equipment and the installed wiring to eliminate the need for an extension cord. If an extension cord is necessary, refer to the chart in the Grounding Instructions section to determine the minimum gauge for the extension cord. The extension cord must also contain a ground wire and plug pin.
27. Wear proper clothing, **DO NOT** wear loose clothing, gloves, neckties, or jewelry. These items can get caught in the machine during operations and pull the operator into the moving parts. Users must wear a protective cover on their hair, if the hair is long, to prevent it from contacting any moving parts.
28. **SAVE** these instructions and refer to them frequently and use them to instruct other users.
29. Information regarding the safe and proper operation of this tool is also available from the following sources:

Power Tool Institute
 1300 Summer Avenue
 Cleveland, OH 44115-2851
www.powertoolinstitute.org

National Safety Council
 1121 Spring Lake Drive
 Itasca, IL 60143-3201

American National Standards Institute
 25 West 43rd Street, 4th floor
 New York, NY 10036
www.ansi.org

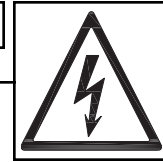
ANSI 01.1 Safety Requirements for
 Woodworking Machines, and the U.S. Department
 of Labor regulations
www.osha.gov

PRODUCT SAFETY

1. Serious personal injury may occur if normal safety precautions are overlooked or ignored. Accidents are frequently caused by lack of familiarity or failure to pay attention. Obtain advice from supervisor, instructor, or another qualified individual who is familiar with this machine and its operations.
2. Every work area is different. Always consider safety first, as it applies to your work area. Use this machine with respect and caution. Failure to do so could result in serious personal injury and damage to the machine.

3. Prevent electrical shock. Follow all electrical and safety codes, including the National Electrical Code (NEC) and the Occupational Safety and Health Regulations (OSHA). All electrical connections and wiring should be made by qualified personnel only.

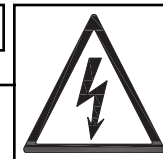
▲ WARNING



4. **TO REDUCE** the risk of electrical shock. **DO NOT** use this machine outdoors. **DO NOT** expose to rain or moisture. Store indoors in a dry area.

5. **STOP** using this machine, if at any time you experience difficulties in performing any operation. Contact your supervisor, instructor or machine service center immediately.
6. Safety decals are on this machine to warn and direct you to how to protect yourself or visitors from personal injury. These decals **MUST** be maintained so that they are legible. **REPLACE** decals that are not legible.
7. **DO NOT** leave the unit plugged into the electrical outlet. Unplug the unit from the outlet when not in use and before servicing, performing maintenance tasks, or cleaning.
8. **ALWAYS** turn the power switch "OFF" before unplugging the jointer.

▲ WARNING



9. **DO NOT** handle the plug or jointer with wet hands.

10. **USE** accessories only recommended by Steel City.
11. **DO NOT** pull the jointer by the power cord. **NEVER** allow the power cord to come in contact with sharp edges, hot surfaces, oil or grease.
12. **DO NOT** unplug the jointer by pulling on the power cord. **ALWAYS** grasp the plug, not the cord.
13. **REPLACE** a damaged cord immediately. **DO NOT** use a damaged cord or plug. If the jointer is not operating properly, or has been damaged, left outdoors or has been in contact with water.
14. **DO NOT** use the jointer as a toy. **DO NOT** use near or around children.

15. **ENSURE** that the machine sits firmly on the floor before using. If the machine wobbles or is unstable, correct the problem by using shims or blocks prior to operation.
16. **ALWAYS** keep hands and fingers away from the blades when operating.
17. **USE** push blocks on any materials less than 3" in height or thickness.
18. **DO NOT** use the jointer on pieces less than 10" in length.
19. **NEVER** use the jointer with the depth of cut at more than 1/8".
20. **MAINTAIN** the proper relationship between the infeed and outfeed tables and the cutterhead knives.
21. **NEVER** remove any chips without turning off the machine and disconnecting the power.
22. **NEVER** turn on the machine if the workpiece is in contact with the cutterhead.
23. **ALWAYS** feed against the rotation of the cutterhead. Never apply feed pressure with your hands directly over the cutterhead. Always lift your hands, one at a time, over the cutterhead as you pass the work along the jointer bed. Always support the workpiece and maintain control throughout the operation.
24. **KEEP** cutterhead knives sharp and free of all rust and pitch.
25. **ALWAYS** disconnect the machine from the power source before making any adjustments.
26. **NEVER** perform "free hand" operations. Use the fence to position and guide the workpiece.

ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS

WARNING



To reduce the risk of electric shock, follow all electrical and safety codes, including the National Electric Code (NEC) and the Occupational Safety and Health Regulations (OSHA). All electrical connections and wiring should be made by qualified personnel only.

The switch provided with your jointer is designed for 230 volt single phase usage only. The switch has a plug that is designed to plug into a 230 volt outlet. There are many different configurations for 230 volt outlets, so it is conceivable that the configuration of the plug may not match the configuration of your existing outlet. If this is the case, you will have to replace the plug with a UL/CSA approved plug that matches the configuration of your 230V outlet.

GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS

⚠ WARNING



This machine **MUST BE GROUNDED** while in use to protect the operator from electric shock.

In the event of a malfunction or breakdown, **GROUNDING** provides the path of least resistance for electric current and reduces the risk of electric shock. The plug **MUST** be plugged into a matching electrical receptacle that is properly installed and grounded in accordance with **ALL** local codes and ordinances.

If a plug is provided with your machine **DO NOT** modify the plug. If it will not fit your electrical receptacle, have a qualified electrician install the proper connections to meet all electrical codes local and state. All connections must also adhere to all of OSHA mandates.

IMPROPER ELECTRICAL CONNECTION of the equipment-grounding conductor can result in risk of electric shock. The conductor with the green insulation (with or without yellow stripes) is the equipment-grounding conductor. **DO NOT** connect the equipment-grounding conductor to a live terminal if repair or replacement of the electric cord or plug is necessary.

Check with a qualified electrician or service personnel if you do not completely understand the grounding instructions, or if you are not sure the tool is properly grounded.

PLUGS/RECEPTACLES

⚠ WARNING



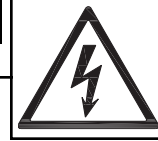
- Electrocution or fire could result if this machine is not grounded properly or if the electrical configuration does not comply with local and state electrical codes.
- **MAKE CERTAIN** the machine is disconnected from power source before starting any electrical work.
- **MAKE SURE** the circuit breaker does not exceed the rating of the plug and receptacle.

The motor supplied with your machine is a 230 volt, 60 hertz, single phase motor. Never connect the green or ground wire to a live terminal.

A machine with a 230 volt plug should only be connected to an outlet having the same configuration as the plug.

EXTENSION CORDS

⚠ WARNING



To reduce the risk of fire or electrical shock, use the proper gauge of extension cord. When using an extension cord, be sure to use one heavy enough to carry the current your machine will draw.

The smaller the gauge-number, the larger the diameter of the extension cord is. If in doubt of the proper size of an extension cord, use a shorter and thicker cord. An undersized cord will cause a drop in line voltage resulting in a loss of power and overheating.

⚠ CAUTION

USE ONLY a 3-wire extension cord that has a 3-prong grounding plug and a 3-pole receptacle that accepts the machine's plug.

If you are using an extension cord outdoors, be sure it is marked with the suffix "W-A" ("W" in Canada) to indicate that it is acceptable for outdoor use.

Make certain the extension cord is properly sized, and in good electrical condition. Always replace a worn or damaged extension cord immediately or have it repaired by a qualified person before using it.

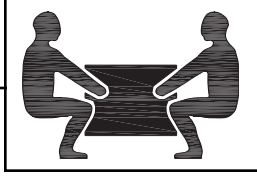
Protect your extension cords from sharp objects, excessive heat, and damp or wet areas.

MINIMUM RECOMMENDED GAUGE FOR EXTENSION CORDS (AWG)

230 VOLT OPERATION ONLY			
	25' LONG	50' LONG	100' LONG
0 to 6 Amps	16 AWG	16 AWG	14 AWG
6 to 8 Amps	16 AWG	16 AWG	12 AWG
8 to 12 Amps	14 AWG	14 AWG	10 AWG
12 to 15 Amps	12 AWG	12 AWG	10 AWG
15 to 20 Amps	10 AWG	10 AWG	Not recommended

UNPACKING & INVENTORY

⚠ WARNING



- The machine is heavy, two people are required to unpack and lift.
- Use a safety strap to avoid tip over when lifting machine.

Check shipping carton and machine for damage before unpacking. Carefully remove packaging materials, parts and machine from shipping carton. Always check for and remove protective shipping materials around motors and moving parts. Lay out all parts on a clean work surface.

Remove any protective materials and coatings from all

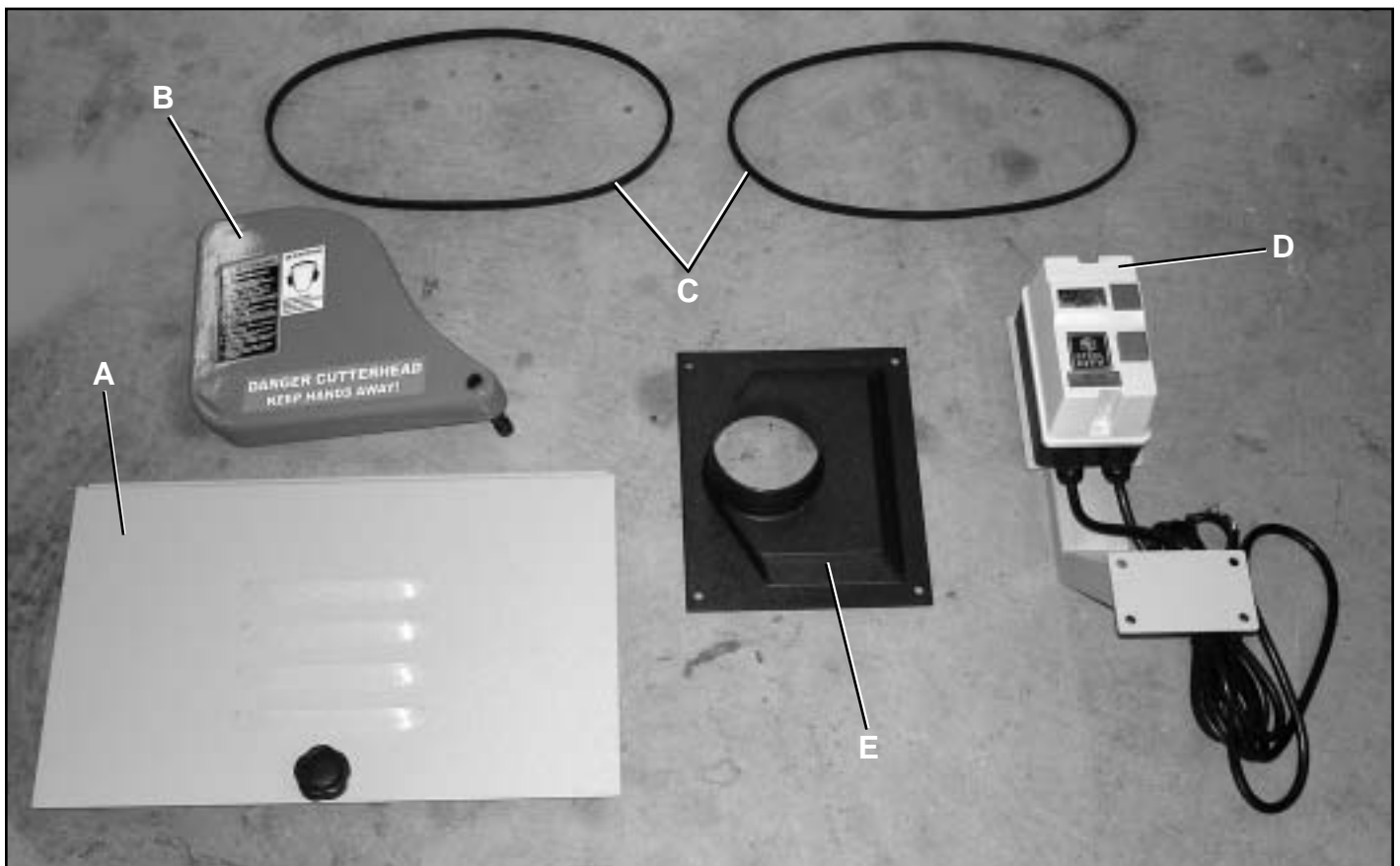
of the parts and the jointer. The protective coatings can be removed by spraying WD-40 on them and wiping it off with a soft cloth. This may need to be redone several times before all of the protective coatings are removed completely.

After cleaning, apply a good quality paste wax to any unpainted surfaces. Make sure to buff out the wax before assembly.

Compare the items to inventory figures; verify that all items are accounted for before discarding the shipping box.

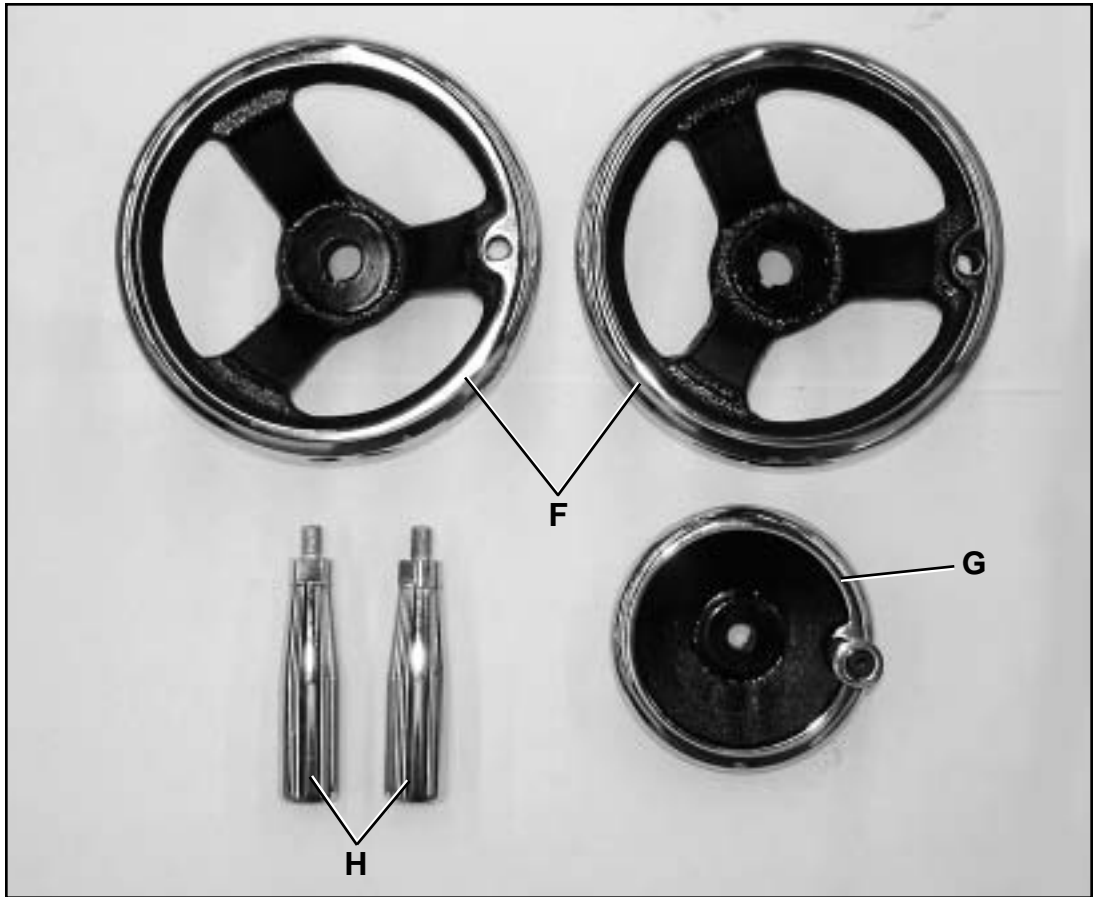
⚠ WARNING

If any parts are missing, do not attempt to plug in the power cord and turn "ON" the machine. The machine should only be turned "ON" after all the parts have been obtained and installed correctly. For missing parts, contact Steel City at 1-877-SC4-TOOL.



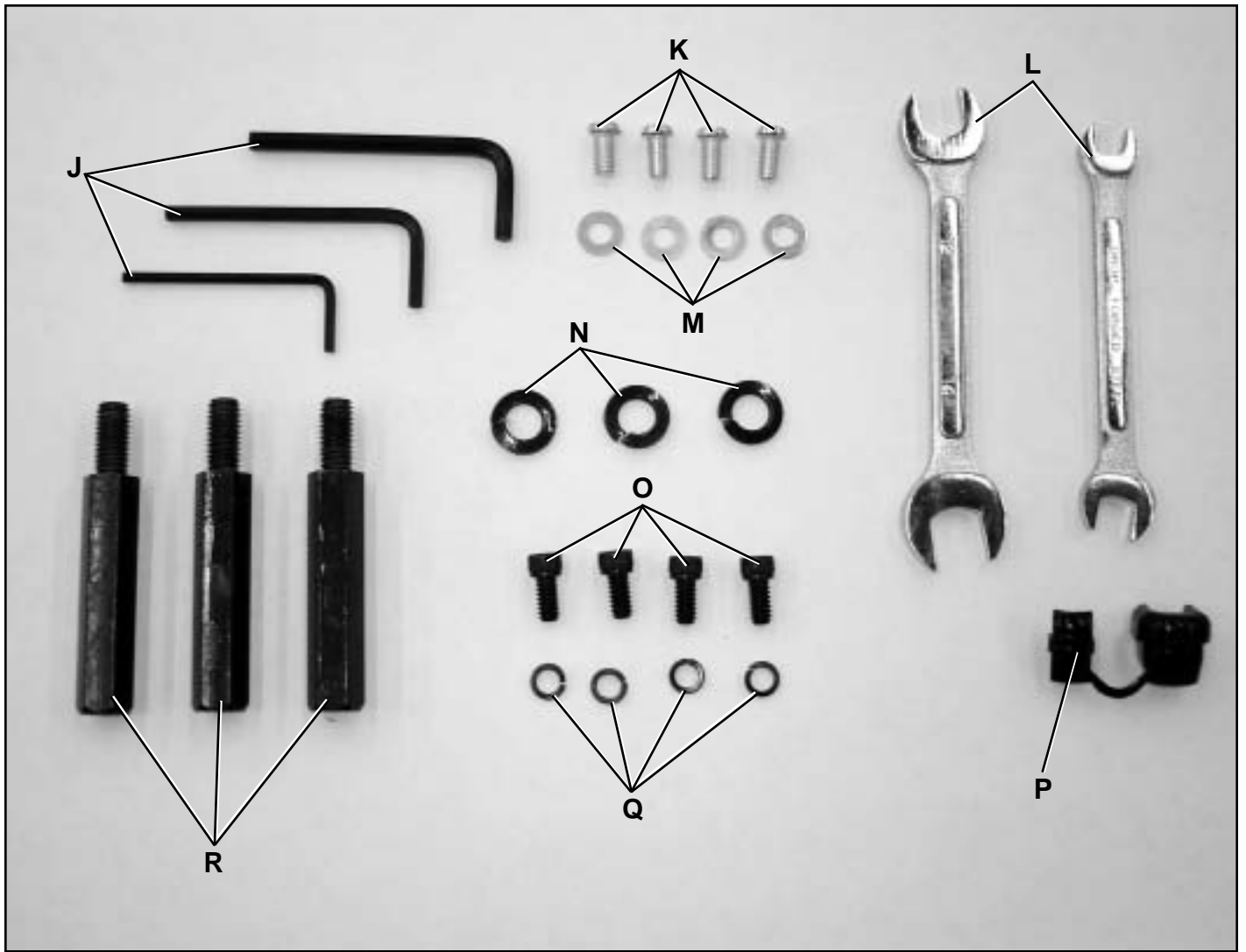
- A) Rear Panel
- B) Cutterhead Guard
- C) V-belts (2)
- D) Power Switch
- E) Dust Port

- F) Table Adjusting Handwheels (2)
- G) Fence Adjusting Handwheel
- H) Handles



- I) Joints Base



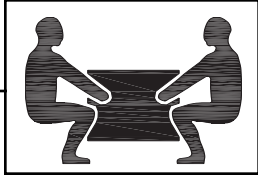


- J) Hex Wrenches (3)
- K) 1/4-20 x 1/2" Pan Head Screws (4)
- L) Open End Wrenches (2)
- M) M6 Flat Washer (4)
- N) M10 Lock Washer (3)
- O) 1/4-20 x 1/2" Socket Head Cap Screws (4)
- P) Strain Relief Bushing
- Q) M6 Lock Washers (4)
- R) Mounting Stud (3)

ASSEMBLY

MOUNTING JOINTER TO STAND

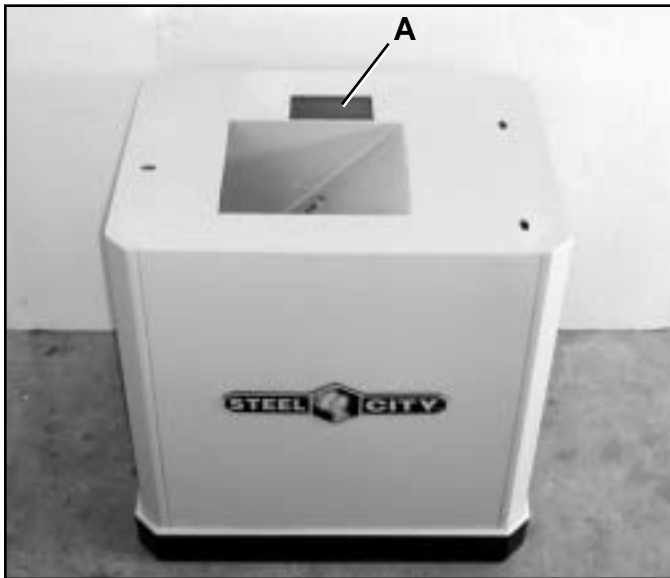
⚠ WARNING



- The machine is heavy, two people are required to unpack and lift.

1. Be sure the pulley on the motor is in line with the cutout (A) in the top of the stand so the drive belt can pass through. **SEE FIG 1.**

Fig. 1



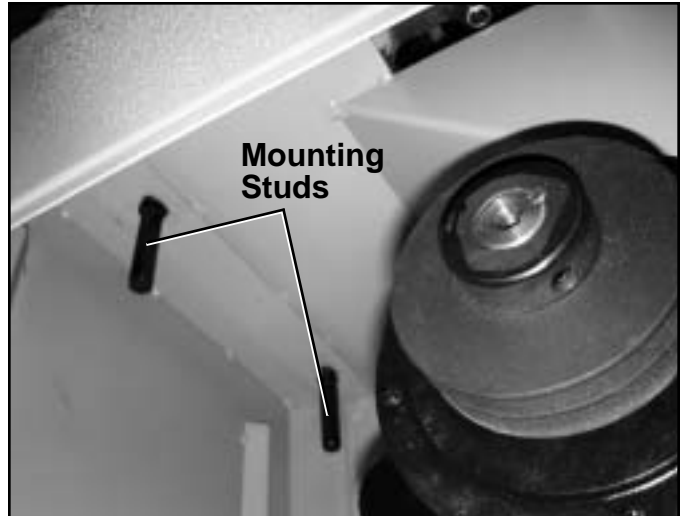
2. Using a helper, lift the jointer onto the stand. **SEE FIG 2.**

Fig. 2



3. Align the 3 bolt holes located in the base of the jointer with the 3 holes in the stand.
4. Use the special mounting studs and M10 lock washers, 2 of which are shown in FIG 3, to secure the jointer to the stand. Tighten securely. **SEE FIG 3.**

Fig. 3

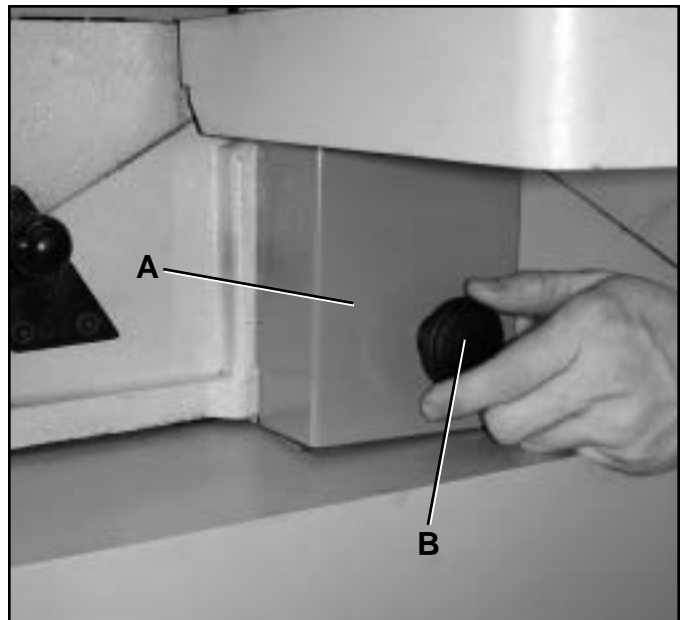


NOTE: The third mounting stud is accessible by reaching up through the hole in the top of the dust chute.

ASSEMBLING BELT AND ALIGNING PULLEYS

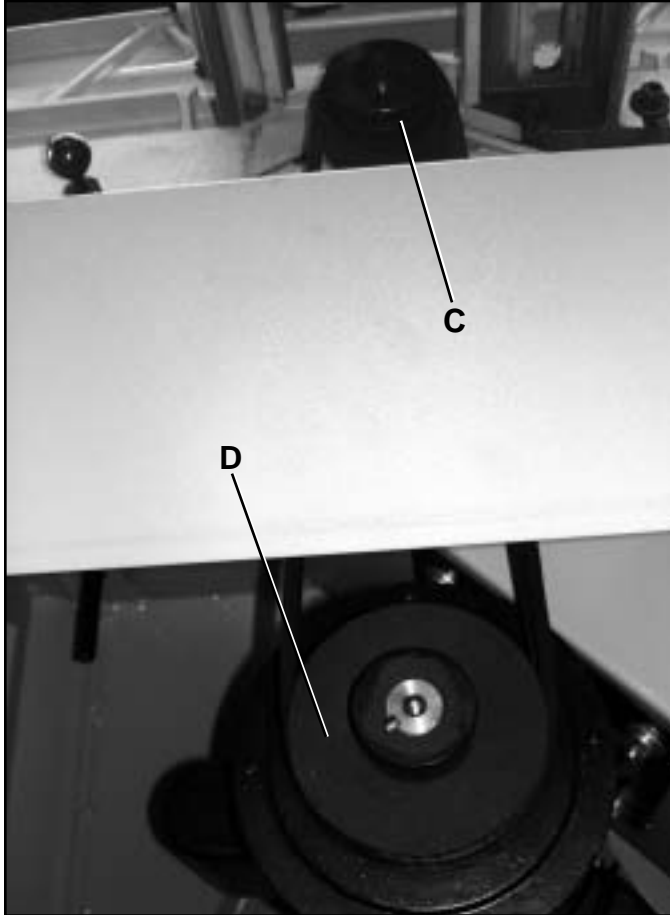
1. Remove the cutterhead pulley guard (A) by unscrewing the knob (B) **SEE FIG 4.**

Fig. 4



- Place the V-belts onto the cutterhead pulley(C)
SEE FIG 5.

Fig. 5



- Loosen the motor mounting bolts and raise the motor up until the belt fits around the motor pulley (D).
- Using a straight edge, check that both pulleys are aligned in the same plane. If the pulleys are not in line, reposition the motor until the pulleys are aligned.
- Tighten the motor mounting bolts. Check the alignment of the pulleys once more to assure nothing has moved.

NOTICE: If alignment cannot be met by moving the motor in or out, loosen the motor pulley set screws and move pulley in or out on the shaft until proper alignment is achieved.

⚠ WARNING

The outside edge of the pulley must never be extended past the end of the motor shaft in any circumstance.

ADJUSTING BELT TENSION

- Correct belt tension is obtained when there is approximately 1" deflection at the center span of the belt using light finger pressure.
- If an adjustment is required, the motor can be raised or lowered to obtain the correct belt tension.
- Tighten motor mounting hardware after tension is applied, making sure alignment of the pulleys is not disturbed.
- Replace the cutterhead pulley guard.

ASSEMBLING FENCE CARRIAGE ASSEMBLY

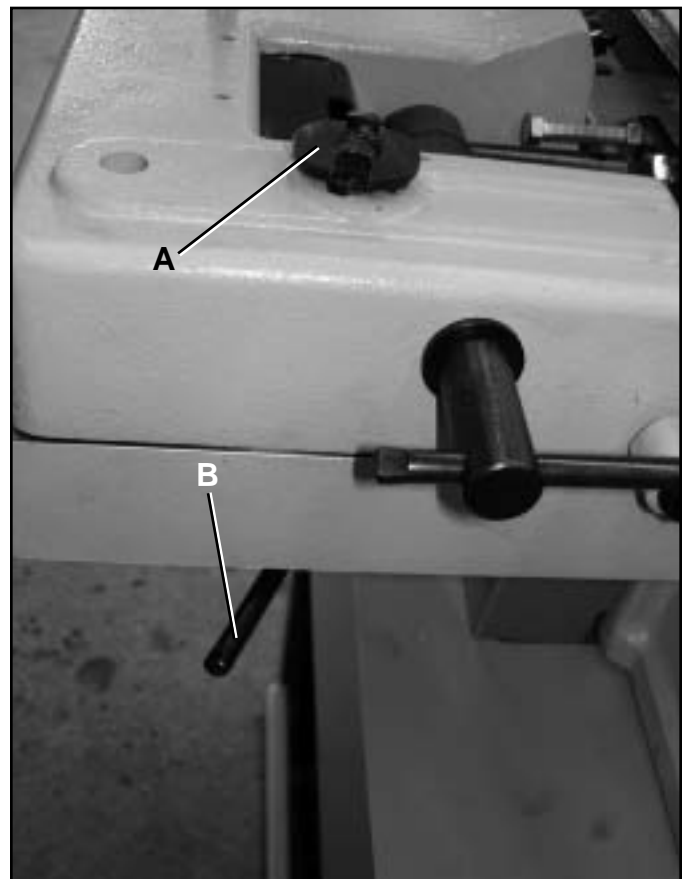
The fence carriage assembly is already installed on the jointer at the factory. You only need to take a few steps for the fence to be fully operational.

⚠ WARNING

MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE MACHINE IS DISCONNECTED FROM THE POWER SOURCE.

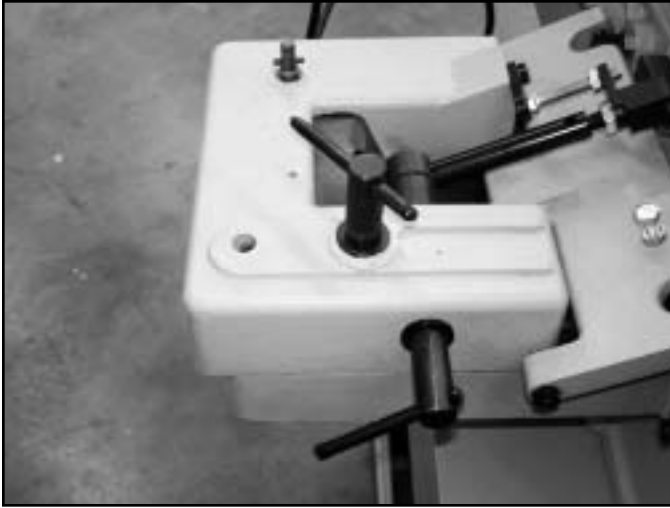
- The fence locking handle needs to be inverted for proper operation. To install properly unscrew the special nut (A) on the top of the fence and pull the locking handle (B) out the bottom of the fence.
SEE FIG. 6.

Fig. 6



2. Insert the locking handle through the same hole, only this time make sure that the handle shaft goes through the top of the fence assembly as shown in FIG 7. **SEE FIG 7.**

Fig. 7



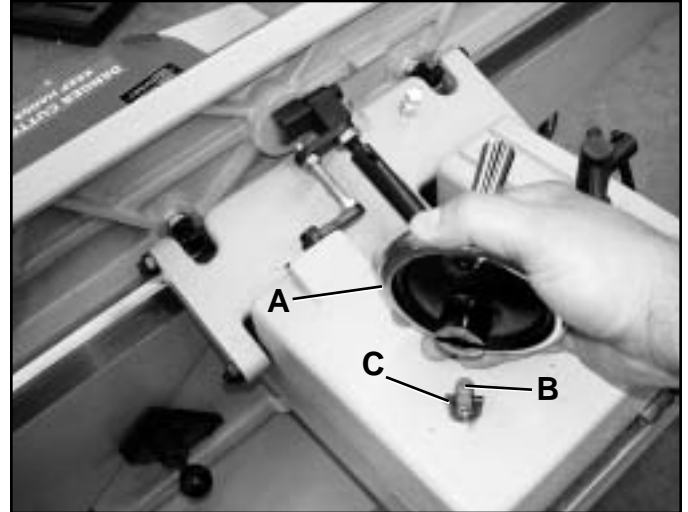
3. Fasten the special nut, removed in step 1, to the bottom of the fence locking handle shaft. Make certain that the two prongs on the special nut face upwards and fit into the groove (C) on the bottom of the fence assembly. **SEE FIG 8.**

Fig. 8



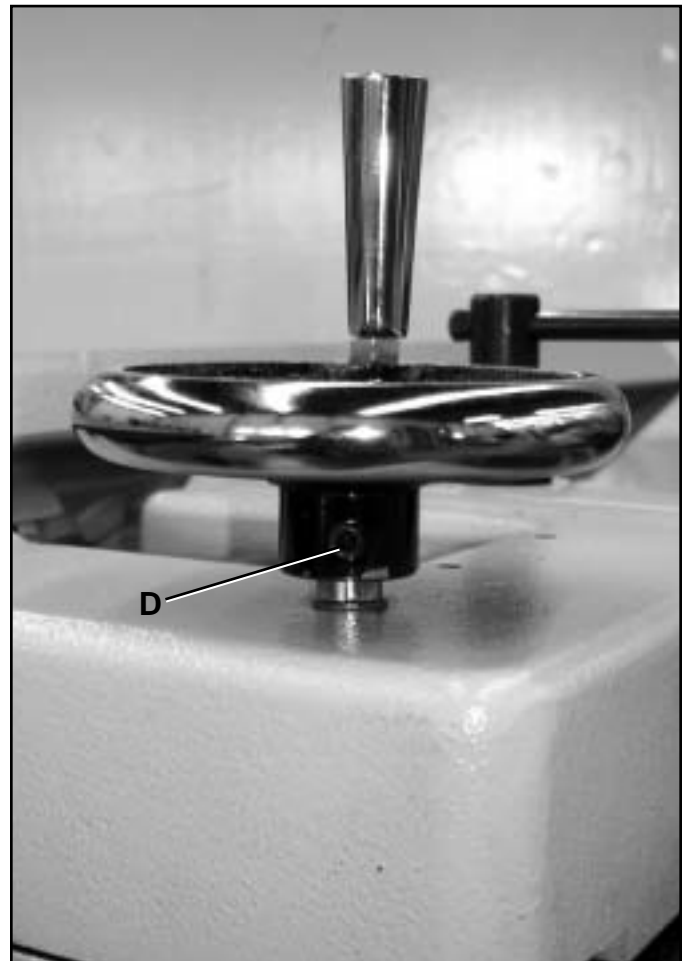
4. Attach the fence adjusting handwheel (A) to the shaft (B) by aligning the grooves in the handwheel with the pin (C) in the shaft. **SEE FIG 9.**

Fig. 9



5. Fasten the handwheel to the shaft by tightening the set screw (D) using the provided hex wrench. **SEE FIG 10.**

Fig. 10



ASSEMBLING CUTTERHEAD GUARD

⚠ WARNING

MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE MACHINE IS DISCONNECTED FROM THE POWER SOURCE.

⚠ CAUTION

The cutterhead guard has a tension return spring. The tension on this spring is set at the factory. When the guard is installed properly it should return to the fence automatically after the workpiece has passed over the cutterhead. Be sure the guard is functioning properly before using the jointer.

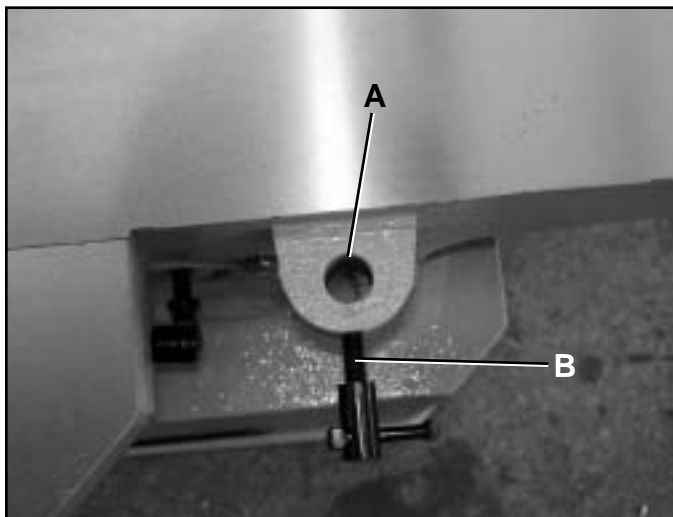
1. Move the fence all the way to the rear of the table exposing the cutterhead.
2. Rotate the cutterhead by hand, using the belt, until there are no blades exposed. If this is not possible, place a thin piece of cardboard over the cutterhead. This is done to avoid exposure of hand to sharp blade.

⚠ CAUTION

Care must be taken when your hands are near the knives as the cutting edges are very sharp.

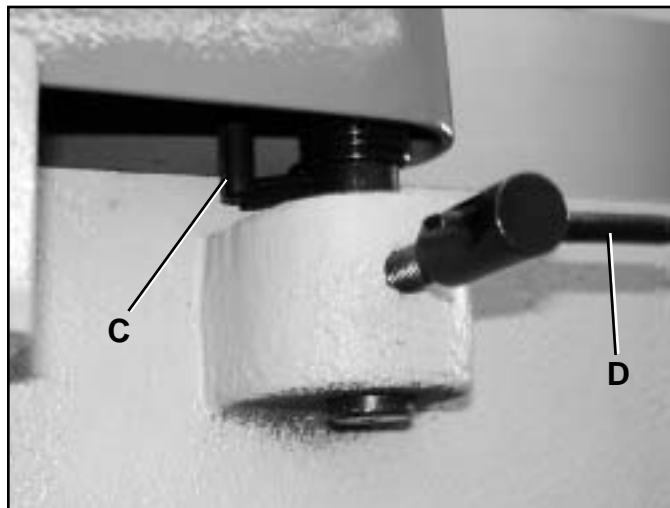
3. Locate the mounting hole (A) on the right hand side of the rabbeting ledge. Check to make sure that the locking set screw (B) is not protruding into the mounting hole at this time. **SEE FIG 11.**

Fig. 11



4. Place the guard above the table positioned over the cutterhead with curved edge against fence and drop the shaft in the hole. The pin (C) should be below the surface of the infeed table and pressed up against the side of the jointer. **SEE FIG 12.**

Fig. 12



5. Tighten the set screw using the handle (D).
6. Check guard clearance to be sure it is not dragging over table surface or cutterhead. If the guard is too low, loosen the set screw and raise the guard slightly. Test the guard and be sure it springs back to the fence when pulled out. Test with the fence in its furthest position from the guard. Make it a habit to check this important safety feature every time before using the jointer.

ASSEMBLING DUST PORT

1. The jointer stand has a built in dust chute. If this machine is to be hooked up to a dust collection system, the supplied dust port can be fastened to the jointer stand using four 1/4-20 x 1/2" pan head screws and four flat washers. **SEE FIG 13.**

Fig. 13



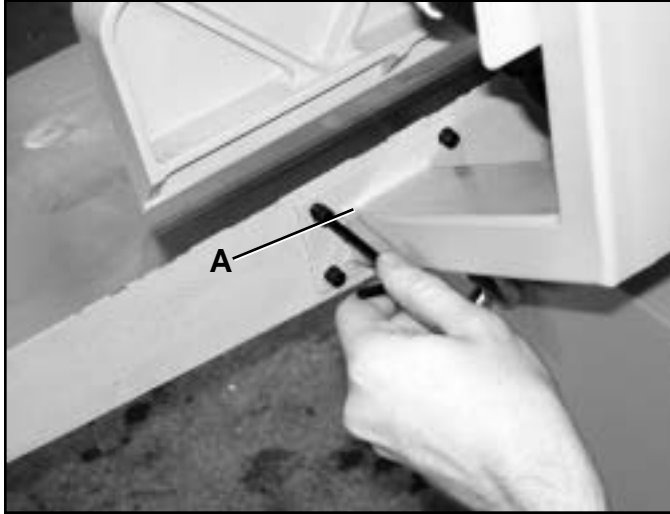
2. A standard 4" dust collection hose can now be attached to this port.

NOTE: DO NOT ATTACH THE DUST PORT IF YOU DO NOT PLAN TO CONNECT THE JOINTER TO A DUST COLLECTION SYSTEM.

ATTACHING SWITCH

1. Locate the 4 threaded holes on the back side of the infeed table.
2. Line up the four holes on the switch bracket (A) with the four threaded holes in the jointer. **SEE FIG 14.**

Fig. 14



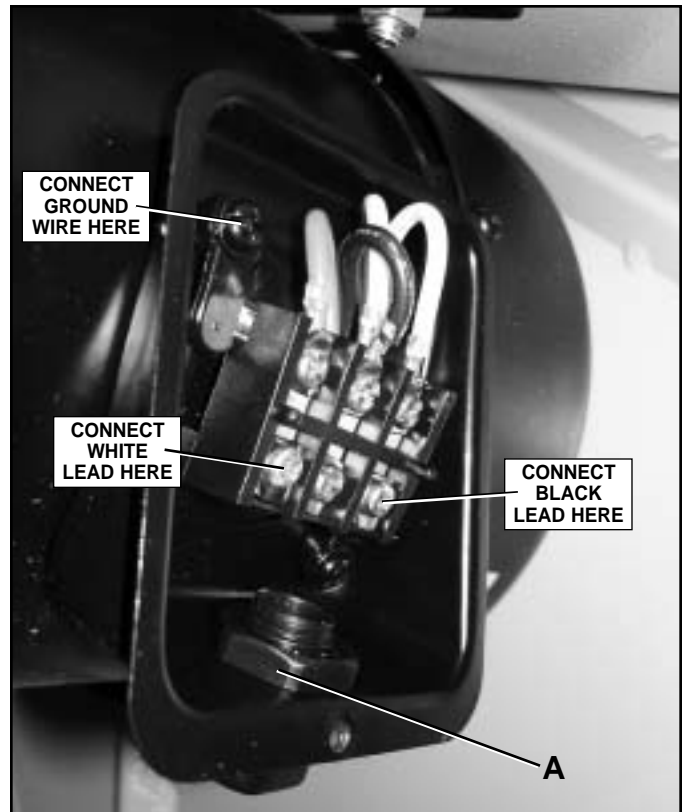
3. Fasten using four 1/4-20 x 1/2" socket head cap screws and four lock washers. Tighten securely.
4. Insert the end of the wire with no plug on it into the base of the jointer. **SEE FIG 15.**

Fig. 15



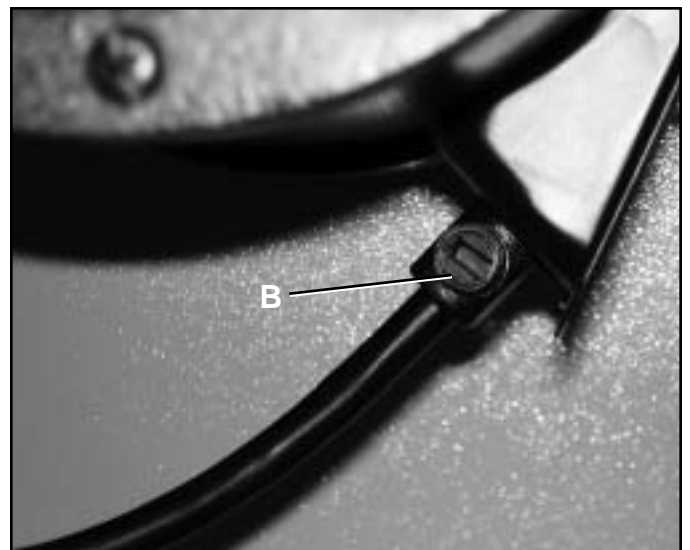
5. Remove the cap on the motor exposing the wire attachments.
6. Thread the wires through the strain relief bushing (A) and make your connections on the motor. Refer to FIG 16 to determine where each wire gets connected. **SEE FIG 16.**

Fig. 16



NOTE: There is a set screw(B) located on the side of the strain relief bushing that you will need to loosen in order to fit the wires through. Once you have made all of your connections, retighten this set screw. **SEE FIG 17.**

Fig. 17



- Replace motor cap.
- Wrap strain relief bushing (C) around the cord (D) and insert the strain relief bushing into the hole.
SEE FIG 18.

Fig. 18

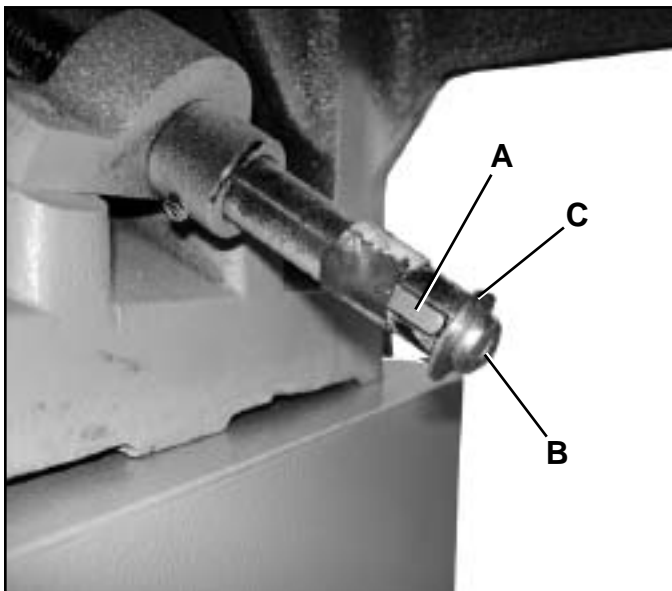


HANDWHEEL ASSEMBLY

The purpose of the handwheels is to raise and lower the outfeed and infeed tables. The procedure for installation is the same for both the infeed and outfeed sides of the jointer. To install:

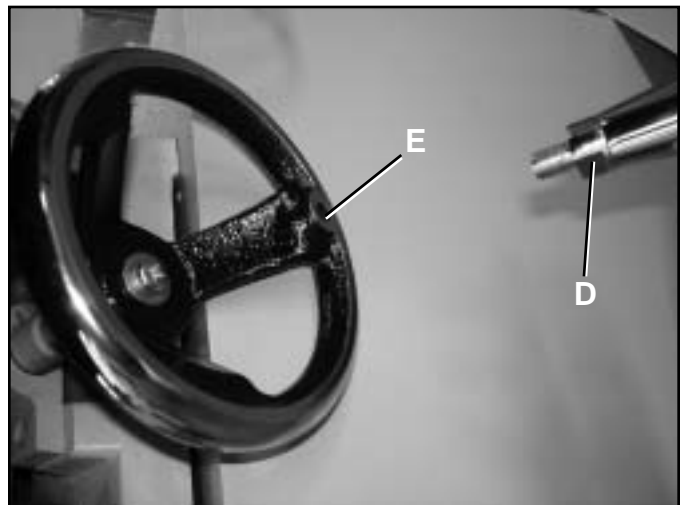
- The key (A) pan head screw (B) and flat washer (C) should already be attached to the shaft.
SEE FIG. 19.

Fig. 19



- Remove the pan head screw and flat washer. Remove the tape from the key.
- Insert the handwheel onto the shaft making sure that the notch in the handwheel lines up with the key on the shaft.
- Fasten the handwheel to the shaft using pan head screw and flat washer removed in step 2.
- Thread the handle (D) into the threaded hole (E) in the handwheel. **SEE FIG 20.**

Fig. 20

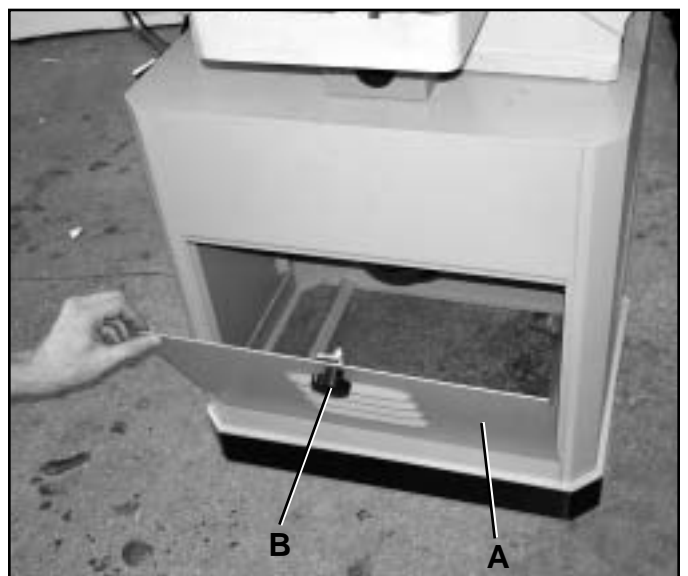


REAR ACCESS PANEL

The access panel needs to be installed on the rear of the jointer base. To install

- Place the bottom edge of the access panel (A) on the lower edge of the jointer base. **SEE FIG 21.**
- Lift up the access panel and fasten shut using locking knob (B).

Fig. 21

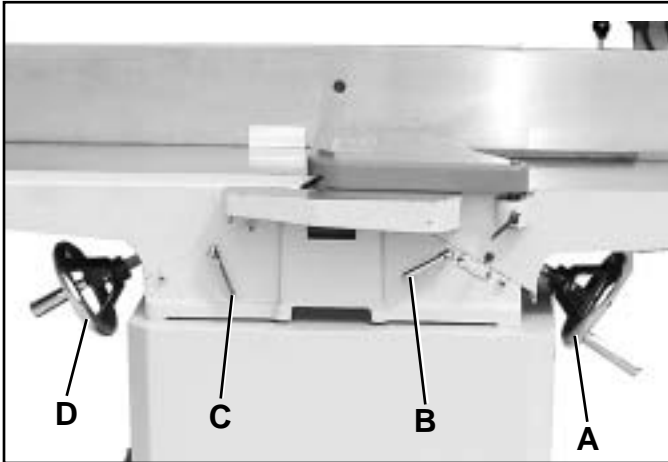


ADJUSTMENTS

INFEED TABLE ADJUSTMENTS

To raise or lower the infeed table, loosen infeed table lock handle (B) and turn the table raising and lowering handwheel (A) until the table is at the desired position and tighten infeed table lock handle. **SEE FIG. 22.**

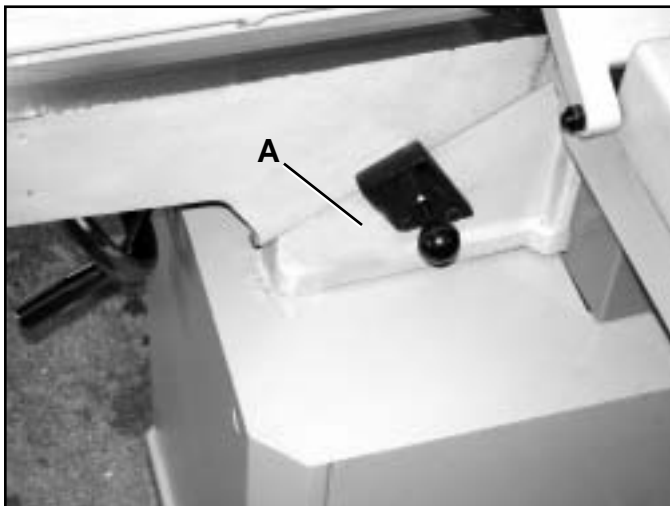
Fig. 22



INFEED POSITIVE STOP

There is a safety feature that will not allow the infeed table to drop below a 1/8-in depth of cut. This stop (A) is located on the rear of the jointer. Once the jointer hits a depth of 1/8", the spring loaded knob snaps into a hole in the infeed table. To make the infeed table go lower than this, you will have to pull out on the knob as you lower the table. **SEE FIG 23.**

Fig. 23



OUTFEED TABLE ADJUSTMENTS

⚠ WARNING

DISCONNECT MACHINE FROM POWER SOURCE.

The outfeed table must be exactly level with the knives when the knives are at their highest point of revolution. To move the outfeed table, loosen outfeed table lock handle (C) and turn the table raising and lowering handwheel (D) until the table is level with the knives. When the outfeed table is exactly level with the knives at their highest point of revolution, tighten outfeed table lock handle. **SEE FIG. 22.**

KNIFE ADJUSTMENTS

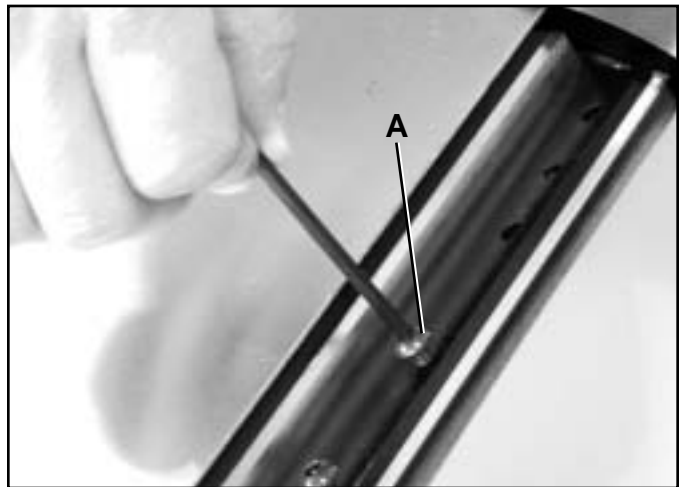
⚠ CAUTION

Care must be taken when handling the knives as the cutting edges are very sharp.

The quick change knives on your jointer are double sided and are mounted on special pins. These pins automatically set the knife at its proper height, eliminating the need for a knife gauge. While the knives on your jointer come preinstalled at the factory, the following procedures detail how to remove and install a set of knives.

1. Start in the center of the knife gib and remove the 4 mm allen head screw (A). **SEE FIG 24.**

Fig. 24



2. Alternate sides as you loosen the remaining screws along the length of the gib
3. Remove the black knife gib. The knife below can now be lifted off of the (2) locating pins.
4. Flip the knife over if necessary to expose new edge and mount the knife back on the (2) locating pins.
5. Place the black knife gib over the knife with the angled side up and the angle in the same direction as the knife edge.
6. Line the outside edges of the knife up with each other.

- Replace the (5) 4 MM Allen head screws and tighten from the center out alternating sides as you go. **MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE ALLEN HEAD SCREWS ARE TIGHTENED ALL THE WAY INTO THE CUTTERHEAD.**
- Repeat this procedure for all three knives.

ADJUSTING FENCE POSITIVE STOPS

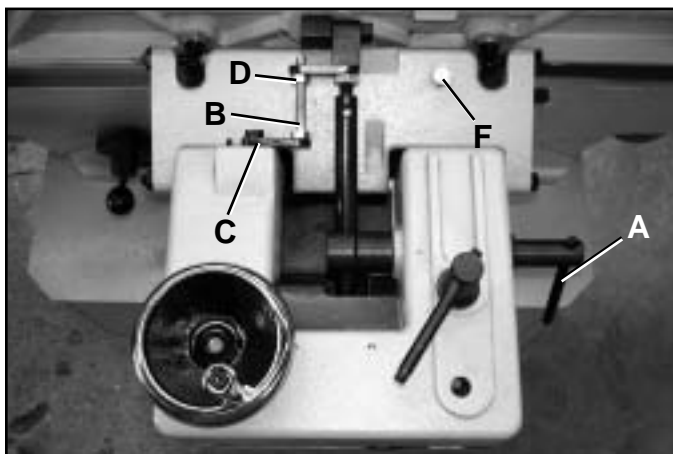
The fence on your jointer is equipped with positive stops at the most used fence positions of 90 degrees and 45 degrees in and out. To check and adjust the positive stops, proceed as follows:

⚠ WARNING

MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE MACHINE IS DISCONNECTED FROM THE POWER SOURCE.

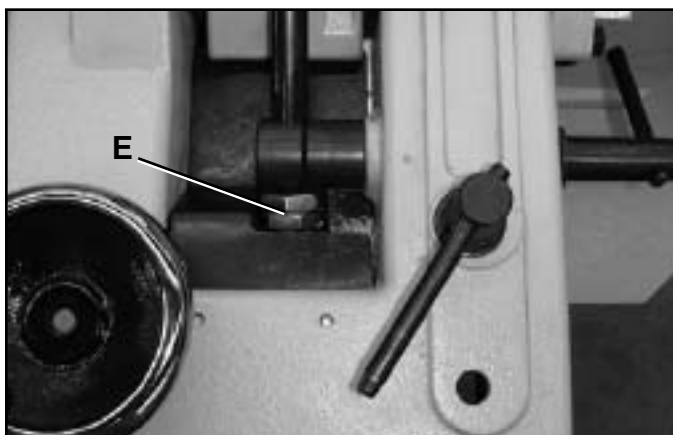
- Position the fence at 90 degrees to the table by loosening the bevel lock handle (A) and moving the fence until 90 degree stop screw (B) hits the stop (C). **SEE FIG 25.**

Fig. 25



- Using a square, check to see if the fence is at 90 degrees to the table.
- If the fence is not at 90 degrees, loosen nut (D) and adjust the stop screw (B) until the fence is at 90 degrees to the table. Retighten nut (D).

Fig. 26



- Tilt the fence inward until it hits the 45 degree in stop nut (E). **SEE FIG. 26.**
- Using a combination square, check to see if the fence is indeed tilted in at 45 degrees. **SEE FIG 27.**

Fig. 27



- If an adjustment is necessary, tighten or loosen the stop nut (E) until the fence is at 45 degrees.
- Tilt the fence outward to 45 degrees. To do this you will have to flip the 90 degree stop (C) out of the way so that it faces towards the infeed table. **SEE FIG 25.**
- Using a combination square, check to see if the fence is tilted at 45 degrees. **SEE FIG 28.**

Fig. 28



- If an adjustment is necessary, loosen or tighten stop screw (F) until the fence is at 45 degrees. **SEE FIG 25.**

OPERATIONS

According to many OSHA, ANSI, STATE, and LOCAL CODES, it is the Employers Responsibility to:

- **PERMIT ONLY** trained and authorized employees to operate equipment.
- **INSPECT AND MAINTAIN** guards, safety devices and start/stop controls.
- **INSTRUCT, TRAIN** and **SUPERVISE** the safe method of work.

⚠ WARNING

Serious personal injury may occur if normal safety precautions are overlooked or ignored. Accidents are frequently caused by lack of familiarity or failure to pay attention. Obtain advice from supervisor, instructor, or another qualified individual who is familiar with the machine and its operations.

Every work area is different. Always consider safety first, as it applies to your work area. Use any machine with respect and caution. Failure to do so could result in serious personal injury and damage to the machine.

STOP using the machine, if at any time you experience difficulties in performing any operation. Contact your supervisor, instructor or machine service center immediately.

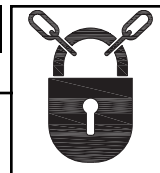
START/STOP SWITCH

The START/STOP switch assembly is located above the infeed table. To turn the jointer "ON", push the green start button. To turn the jointer "OFF", push the red stop button. **SEE FIG. 29.**

Fig. 29



⚠ WARNING



CHILDPROOF THE WORKSHOP AREA by removing switch keys, unplugging tools from the electrical receptacles, and using padlocks.

MOTOR OVERLOAD PROTECTION

Your Jointer is supplied with an automatic thermal overload on the motor. If the motor shuts off or fails to start due to an overload condition, turn the Jointer "OFF," let the motor cool for three to five minutes, The motor can then be turned on again in the usual manner.

PLACEMENT OF HANDS DURING FEEDING

At the start of the cut, the left hand holds the work firmly against the infeed table and fence, while the right hand pushes the work toward the knives. After the cut is underway, the new surface rests firmly on the outfeed table. The left hand should then be moved to the work on the outfeed table, at the same time maintaining flat contact with the fence. The right hand presses the work forward, and before the right hand reaches the cutterhead, it should be moved to the work on the outfeed table.

⚠ WARNING

NEVER PASS HANDS DIRECTLY OVER THE CUTTERHEAD.

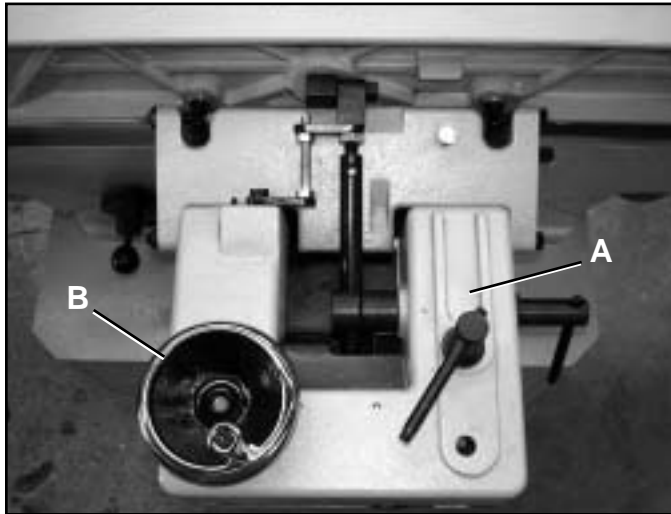
DIRECTION OF GRAIN

Avoid feeding work into the jointer against the grain. The result will be chipped and splintered edges. Feed with the grain to obtain a smooth surface.

FENCE OPERATION

The fence can be moved across the table by loosening the lock lever (A) and rotating the handwheel (B). Turning the handwheel counterclockwise moves the fence towards the operator, while turning it clockwise moves the fence away from the operator. **SEE FIG 30. page 27.**

Fig. 30



JOINTING AN EDGE

This is the most common operation for the jointer. These cuts are made to square an edge of a workpiece. Set the guide fence square with the table. Depth of cut should be the minimum required to obtain a straight edge. Hold the best face of the piece firmly against the fence throughout the feed as shown in Fig. 31. **SEE FIG. 31.**

Fig. 31



CAUTION

MAXIMUM DEPTH OF CUT SHOULD NOT BE MORE THAN 1/8" IN ONE PASS.

CAUTION

DO NOT PERFORM JOINTING OPERATIONS ON MATERIAL SHORTER THAN 10 INCHES, NARROWER THAN 3/4 INCH, OR LESS THAN 1/2 INCH THICK.

SURFACING

Surfacing is similar to the edge jointing operation except for the position of the workpiece. For surfacing, the major flat surface of the workpiece is placed on the infeed table of the jointer with the narrow edge of the workpiece against the fence, as shown in Fig. 32. The workpiece is moved from the infeed table, across the cutterhead to the outfeed table, establishing a flat surface on the workpiece. **SEE FIG. 32.**

Fig. 32



WARNING

ALWAYS USE PUSH BLOCKS WHEN PERFORMING SURFACING OPERATIONS AND NEVER PASS YOUR HANDS DIRECTLY OVER THE CUTTERHEAD.

CAUTION

MAXIMUM DEPTH OF CUT SHOULD NOT BE MORE THAN 1/8" IN ONE PASS.

BEVELING

To cut a bevel, lock the fence at the required angle and run the work across the knives while keeping the work firmly against the fence and tables. Several passes may be necessary to arrive at the desired result. When the angle is small, there is little difference whether the fence is tilted in or out. However, at greater angles approaching 45 degrees, it is increasingly difficult to hold the work properly when the fence is tilted out. The advantage of the double-tilting fence is appreciated under such conditions. When tilted in, the fence forms a V-shape with the tables, and the work is easily pressed into the pocket while passing it across the knives. If the bevel is laid out on the piece in such direction that this involves cutting against the grain, it will be better to tilt the fence out.

TAPER CUTS

One of the most useful jointer operations is cutting an edge to a taper. This method can be used on a wide variety of work. Tapered legs of furniture are a common example. Instead of laying the piece on the infeed table, lower the forward end of the work onto the outfeed table. Do this very carefully, as the piece will span the knives, and they will take a "bite" from the work with a tendency to kick back unless the piece is firmly held. Now push the work forward as in ordinary jointing. The effect is to surface off all the stock in front of the knives, to increasing depth, leaving a tapered surface. The ridge left by the knives when starting the taper may be removed by taking a very light cut according to the regular method for jointing, with the infeed table raised to its usual position. Practice is required in this operation, and the beginner is advised to make trial cuts on waste material. Taper cuts over part of the length and a number of other special operations can easily be done by the experienced craftsman.

SURFACING WARPED PIECES

If the wood to be surfaced is dished or warped, take light cuts until the surface is flat. Avoid forcing such material down against the table; excessive pressure will spring it while passing the knives, and it will spring back and remain curved after the cut is completed.

CUTTING A RABBET

When making a rabbet cut, the cutterhead guard must be removed.

CAUTION

AFTER THE RABBET CUT IS COMPLETED, BE CERTAIN GUARD IS REPLACED.

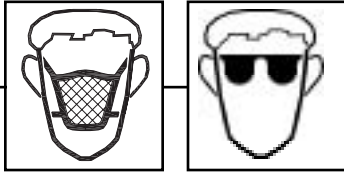
1. Adjust the fence so that the distance between the end of the knives and the fence is equal to the width of the rabbet.
2. Lower the infeed table an amount equal to the depth of the rabbet. If the rabbet is quite deep, it may be necessary to cut it in two or more passes. In that event, the table is lowered an amount equal to about half the depth of the rabbet for the first pass, then lowered again to proper depth to complete the cut.

MAINTENANCE

- **DO NOT** begin cleaning up until you have read and understand all of the clean up instructions.
- **DO NOT USE FLAMMABLE MATERIALS TO CLEAN JOINTER.**

CLEANING

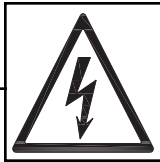
⚠ WARNING



With the machine unplugged, blow off motor with low pressure air to remove dust or dirt. Air pressure above 50 P.S.I. should not be used as high-pressure air may damage insulation. The operator should always wear a respirator and eye protection when using compressed air.

Do not allow chips and dust to accumulate under jointer. Keep area clean and in safe order.

⚠ WARNING



Turn the power switch "OFF" and unplug the power cord from its power source prior to any maintenance.

LUBRICATION

The jointer has sealed lubricated bearings in the motor housing that do not require any additional lubrication from the operator.

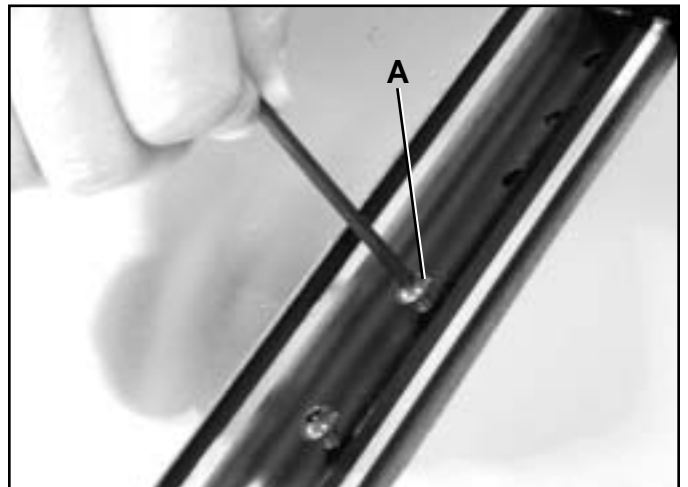
⚠ WARNING

Repairs to the jointer should be performed by trained personnel only. Contact your nearest Steel City Dealer for authorized service. Unauthorized repairs or replacement with non-factory parts could cause serious injury to the operator and damage to the jointer.

SHARPENING KNIVES

The knives on your jointer are a special quick-set type and can not be sharpened. The knives, however, are double sided, so when one edge of the knives goes dull, you can simply flip the blade around and use the other edge of the knife. Once both sides have been used, the knives **MUST** be replaced. Replacement knives are available through your Steel City distributor. The following procedure details how to either flip over an existing set of knives or how to install a new set of knives.

Fig. 33



1. Start in the center of the knife gib and remove the 4 mm allen head screw (A). **SEE FIG. 33.**
2. Alternate sides as you loosen the remaining screws along the length of the gib
3. Remove the black knife gib. The knife below can now be lifted off of the (2) locating pins.
4. Flip the knife over if necessary to expose new edge and mount the knife back on the (2) locating pins.
5. Place the black knife gib over the knife with the angled side up and the angle in the same direction as the knife edge.
6. Line the outside edges of the knife up with each other.
7. Replace the (5) 4 MM Allen head screws and tighten from the center out alternating sides as you go. **MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE ALLEN HEAD SCREWS ARE TIGHTENED ALL THE WAY INTO THE CUTTERHEAD.**
8. Repeat this procedure for all three knives.

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Motor and Machine Operation

PROBLEM	LIKELY CAUSE(S)	SOLUTION
Motor will not start.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Low voltage. 2. Open circuit in motor or loose connections. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check power line for proper voltage. 2. Inspect all lead connections on motor for loose or open connections. Refer to Fig. 16, page 22 for proper connection procedure.
Fuses or circuit breakers blow.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Short circuit in line cord or plug. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Repair or replace cord or plug for damaged insulation and shorted wires
Motor fails to develop full power (output of motor decreases rapidly with decrease in voltage at motor terminals).	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Power supply circuit overloaded with lights, appliances, and other motors. 2. Undersized wires or circuits too long. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reduce load on circuit. 2. Increase wire sizes or reduce length of the circuit.
Motor overheats.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Motor overloaded during operation. 2. Air circulation through the motor restricted. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reduce load on motor; take lighter cuts. 2. Clean out motor to provide normal air circulation.
Motor stalls or shuts off during a cut.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Motor overloaded during operation. 2. Short circuit in motor or loose connections. 3. Circuit breaker tripped. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Reduce load on motor; take lighter cuts. 2. Repair or replace connections on motor for loose or shorted terminals or worn insulation. 3. Install correct circuit breaker; reduce number of machines running on that circuit (circuit overload).
Blade slows when cutting or makes a squealing noise, especially on start-up.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. V-belt loose. 2. V-belt worn out. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Tighten V-belt. 2. Replace V-belt.
Loud, repetitious noise coming from machine.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Pulley setscrews or keys are missing or loose. 2. Motor fan is hitting the cover. 3. V-belts are damaged. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Inspect keys and setscrews. Replace or tighten if necessary. 2. Adjust fan cover mounting position, tighten fan, or shim fan cover. 3. Replace V-belts.
Vibration when running or cutting.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Loose or damaged knife. 2. Damaged V-belt. 3. Worn cutterhead bearings. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Tighten or replace knife. 2. Replace. 3. Check/replace cutterhead bearings.

Table

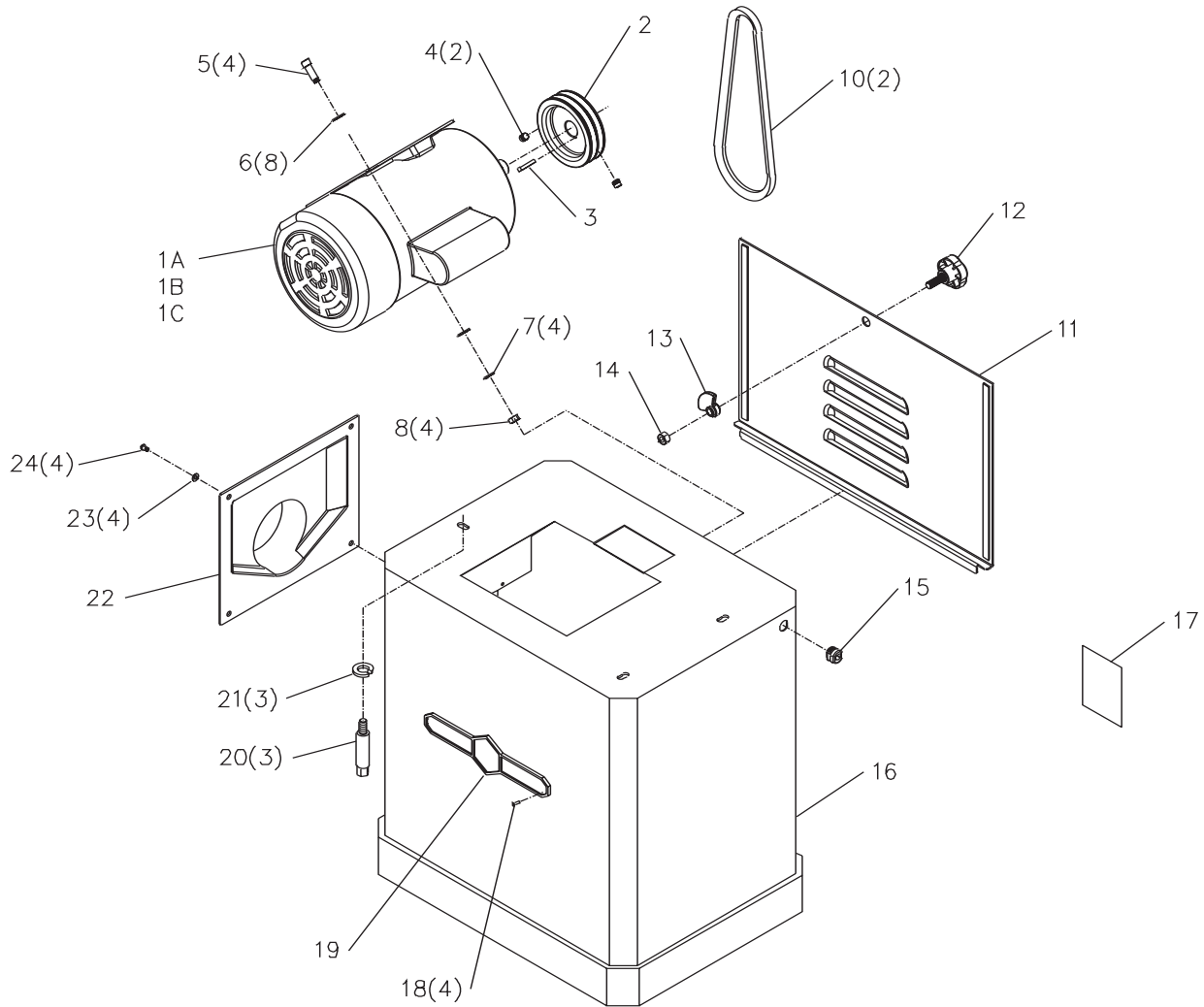
PROBLEM	LIKELY CAUSE(S)	SOLUTION
Tables are hard to adjust.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Table lock is engaged or partially engaged. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Completely loosen the table lock.

Cutting

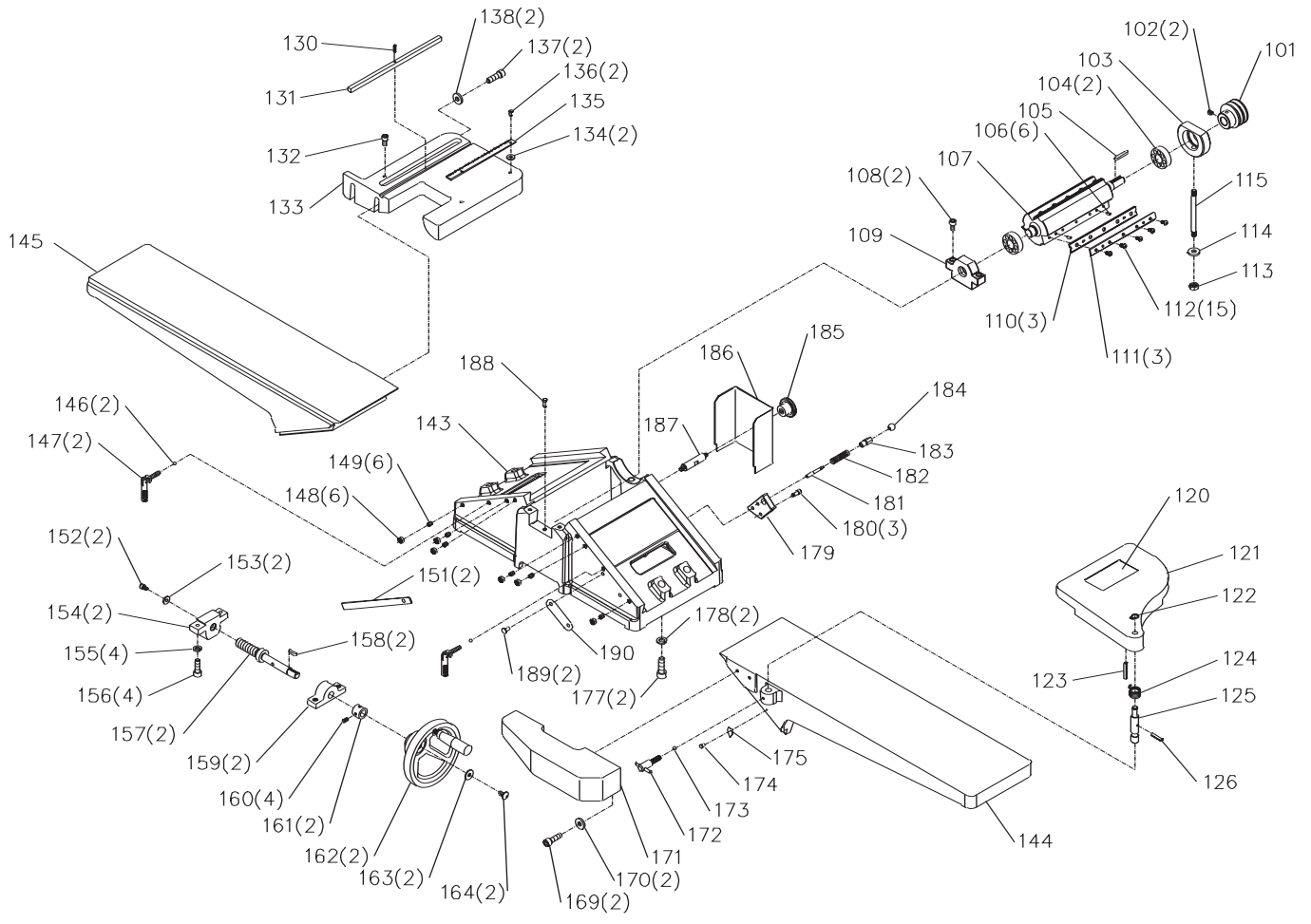
PROBLEM	LIKELY CAUSE(S)	SOLUTION
Excessive snipe (gouge in the end of the board that is uneven with the rest of the cut).	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Outfeed table is set too low. 2. Operator pushing down on end of workpiece. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Align outfeed table with cutterhead knife at top dead center. 2. Reduce/eliminate downward pressure on that end of workpiece.
Workpiece stops at the beginning of the cut.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Outfeed table is set too high. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Align outfeed table with cutterhead knife at top dead center.
Chipping.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Knots or conflicting grain direction in wood. 2. Nicked or chipped blades. 3. Feeding workpiece too fast. 4. Taking too deep of a cut. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Inspect workpiece for knots and grain; only use clean stock. 2. Adjust one of the nicked knives sideways; replace knives. 3. Slow down the feed rate. 4. Take a smaller depth of cut. (Always reduce cutting depth when surface planing or working with hard woods.)
Fuzzy grain.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Wood may have high moisture content. 2. Dull knives. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check moisture content and allow to dry if moisture is too high. 2. Replace knives.
Long lines or ridges that run along the length of the board.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Nicked or chipped knives. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Adjust one of the nicked knives sideways; replace knives.
Uneven cutter marks, wavy surface, or chatter marks across the face of the board.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Feeding workpiece too fast. 2. Knives not adjusted at even heights in the cutterhead. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Slow down the feed rate. 2. Adjust the knives so they are set up evenly in the cutterhead.
Board edge is concave or convex after jointing.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Board not held with even pressure on infeed and outfeed table during cut. 2. Board started too uneven. 3. Board has excessive bow or twist along its length. 4. Insufficient number of passes. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Hold board with even pressure as it moves over the cutterhead. 2. Take partial cuts to remove the extreme high spots before doing a full pass. 3. Surface plane one face so there is a good surface to position against the fence. 4. It may take 3 to 5 passes to achieve a perfect edge, depending on the starting condition of the board and the depth of cut.
Uneven cut or breakout when rabbeting.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Uneven feed rate. 2. Depth of cut too deep. 3. Knives not adjusted evenly with each other in the cutterhead. 4. Nicked or chipped knives. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Feed the board evenly and smoothly during the cut. 2. Raise the infeed table to take a smaller depth of cut. Never exceed 1/16" per pass when rabbeting. 3. Adjust the knives so they are set up evenly in the cutterhead. 4. Adjust one of the nicked knives sideways; replace knives.

◆ NOTES ◆

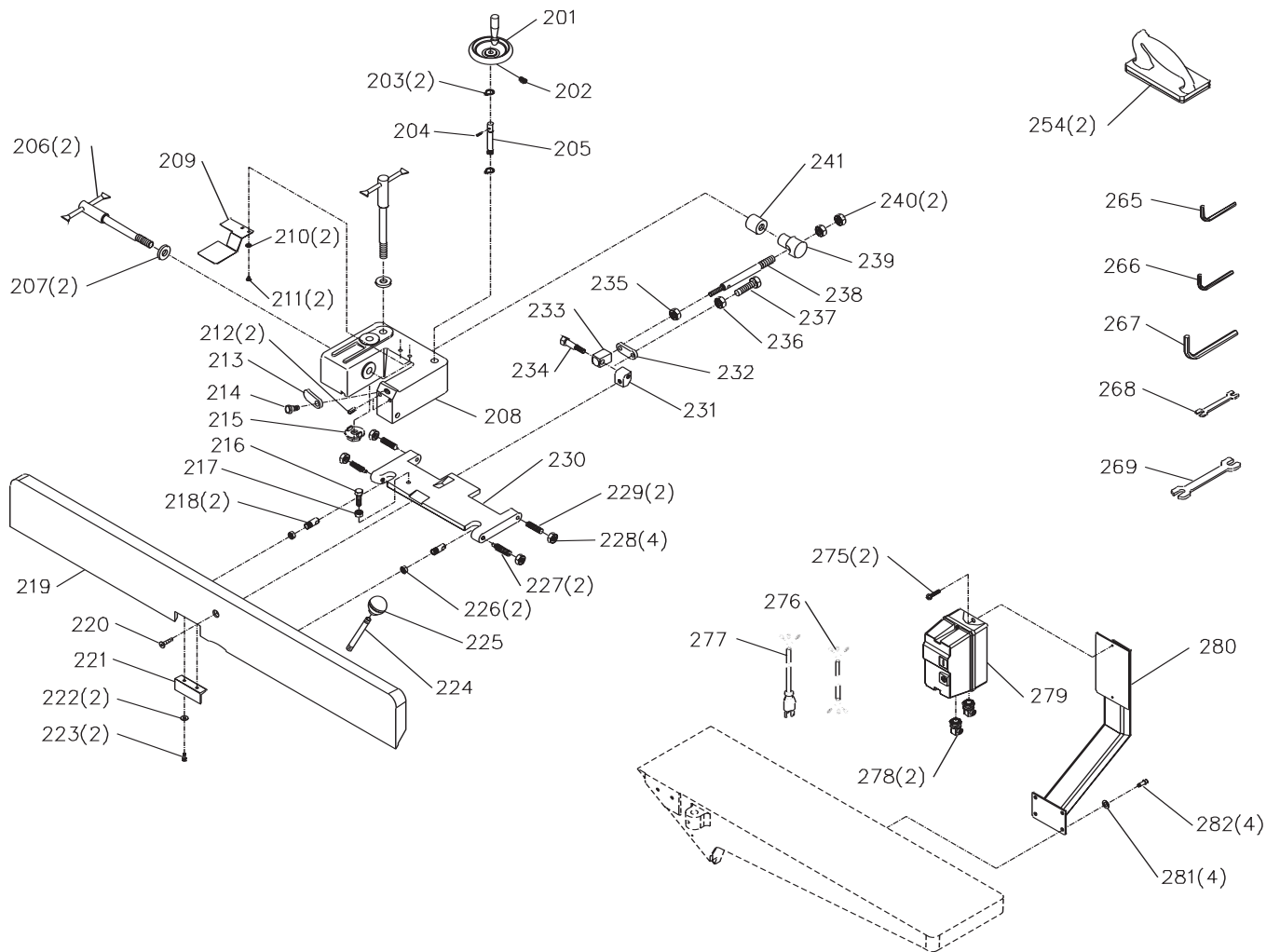
PARTS



KEY NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	KEY NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
1A	OR70404	Motor (2HP,220V-240V,1PH)	1	13	OR72007	Knob Latch	1
1B	OR70353	Motor Spec Plate	1	14	OR90646	3/8 -16 Hex Nut	1
1C	OR94365	Capacitor	1	15	OR94366	Strain Relief	1
2	OR72003	Motor Pulley	1	16	OR72008	Stand	1
3	OR94037	5mm x 5mm x 22mm Key	1	17	OR70308	Spec Plate	1
4	OR91762	1/4 - 20 x 1/4 Soc Head Set Screw	2	18	OR93823	Rivet	4
5	OR90634	5/16 - 18 x 1 Hex Head Screw	4	19	OR70484	Name Plate	1
6	OR90311	M8 Flat Washer	8	20	OR72009	Mounting Stud	3
7	OR90248	M8 Lock Washer	4	21	OR90227	M10 Lock Washer	3
8	OR91659	5/16 - 18 Hex Nut	4	22	OR72010	Dust Chute	1
10	OR72004	Belt	2	23	OR90059	M6 Flat Washer	4
11	OR72005	Rear Panel Ass'y	1	24	OR94367	1/4 - 20 x 1/2 Pan Head Screw	4
12	OR72006	Knob	1				



KEY NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	KEY NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
100	OR72011	Cutter Head Ass'y, Const Of: Ref 101 To Ref 112	1	147	OR72029	Lock Knob	2
101	OR72012	Cutter Head Pulley	1	148	OR90338	5/16 - 18 Hex Nut	6
102	OR94368	5/16 - 18 x 3/8 Soc Head Set Screw	2	149	OR72030	Set Screw	6
103	OR72013	Bearing Bracket	1	151	OR72031	Gib Plate	2
104	OR94369	Ball Bearing (6204-2NSE)	2	152	OR94377	5/16 - 18 x 1/2 Soc Head Cap Screw	2
105	OR94037	5mm x 5mm x 22mm Key	1	153	OR91499	M8 Flat Washer	2
106	OR72014	Knife Pin	6	154	OR72032	Bracket	2
107	OR72015	Cutter Head	1	155	OR90227	M10 Lock Washer	4
108	OR93867	1/4 - 20 x 3/4 Soc Head Cap Screw	2	156	OR94378	3/8 - 16 x 1 1/4 Soc Head Cap Screw	4
109	OR72016	Bearing Bracket	1	157	OR72033	Worm Shaft	2
110	OR72017	Knife	3	158	OR94037	5mm x 5mm x 22mm Key	2
111	OR72018	Knife Locking Bar	3	159	OR72034	Bracket	2
112	OR72019	Knife Screw	15	160	OR94379	1/4 -20 x 3/8 Soc Head Set Screw	4
113	OR94370	3/8 - 24 Hex Nut	1	161	OR72035	Bushing	2
114	OR90230	M10 Flat Washer	1	162	OR72036	Hand Wheel Ass'y	2
115	OR72020	Shaft	1	163	OR90311	M8 Flat Washer	2
120	OR72021	Warning Label	1	164	OR94380	5/16 - 18 x 1/2 Pan Head Screw	2
121	OR72022	Cutter Head Guard	1	169	OR94381	3/8 - 16 x 1 1/4 Soc Head Cap Screw	2
122	OR94371	Retaining Ring	1	170	OR90230	M10 Flat Washer	2
123	OR94372	6mm x 36mm Spring Pin	1	171	OR72037	Rabbet Ledge	1
124	OR72023	Spring	1	172	OR72038	Lock Bolt Ass'y	1
125	OR72024	Cutter Head Guard Shaft	1	173	OR94376	Steel Ball	1
126	OR93840	5mm x 28mm Spring Pin	1	174	OR94382	6 - 32 x 1/4 Pan Head Screw	1
130	OR94373	4mm x 14mm Spring Pin	1	175	OR72039	Pointer	1
131	OR72025	Key	1	177	OR94383	1/2 - 12 x 1 3/4 Soc Head Cap Screw	2
132	OR94374	M5 x 10mm Soc Head Cap Screw	1	178	OR94384	M14 Lock Washer	2
133	OR72026	Fence Bracket	1	179	OR72040	Block	1
134	OR90059	M6 Flat Washer	2	180	OR94385	5/16 - 18 x 3/4 Soc Head Cap Screw	3
135	OR72027	Fence Rack	1	181	OR72041	Shaft	1
136	OR90220	M5 x 12mm Hex Soc Set Screw	2	182	OR94386	Spring	1
137	OR94375	3/8 - 16 x 1 1/2 Soc Head Cap Screw	2	183	OR72042	Spring Shaft	1
138	OR90230	M10 Flat Washer	2	184	OR72043	Knob	1
142	OR72028	Base Assy , Const Of : Ref 143 To Ref 145	1	185	OR72044	Knob	1
143	XXXXXXX	Base (ONLY AVAILABLE AS AN ASSEMBLY)	1	186	OR72045	Guard	1
144	XXXXXXX	Infeed Table (ONLY AVAILABLE AS AN ASSEMBLY)	1	187	OR72046	Stud	1
145	XXXXXXX	Outfeed Table (ONLY AVAILABLE AS AN ASSEMBLY)	1	188	OR90176	1/4 - 20 x 3/4 Hex Head Screw	1
146	OR94376	Steel Ball	2	189	OR94387	2mm x 5mm Rivet	2
				190	OR72047	Depth Gauge Label	1



KEY NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.	KEY NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY.
201	OR72048	Hand Wheel	1	230	OR72062	Fence Tilt Plate	1
202	OR94388	1/4 - 20 x 3/8 Soc Head Set Screw	1	231	OR72063	Bracket	1
203	OR94389	Retaining Ring	2	232	OR72064	Link Plate	1
204	OR91796	4mm x 25mm Spring Pin	1	233	OR72065	Connector Block	1
205	OR72049	Gear Shaft	1	234	OR72066	Screw	1
206	OR72050	Lock Bolt	2	235	OR94397	7/16 - 20 Hex Nut	1
207	OR94390	M14 Flat Washer	2	236	OR91659	5/16 - 18 Hex Nut	1
208	OR72051	Fence Bracket	1	237	OR94398	5/16 - 18 x 1 3/4 Hex Head Screw	1
209	OR72052	Fence Guard	1	238	OR72067	Shaft	1
210	OR90059	M6 Flat Washer	2	239	OR72068	Bracket	1
211	OR93848	1/4 - 20 x 3/8 Pan Head Screw	2	240	OR91766	5/16 -18 Hex Jam Nut	2
212	OR94391	4mm x 12mm Spring Pin	2	241	OR72069	Spacer	1
213	OR72053	Tilt Stop	1	254	OR72070	Push Block	2
214	OR72054	Stop Screw	1	265	OR90804	3mm Hex Wrench	1
215	OR72055	Lock Nut	1	266	OR90805	4mm Hex Wrench	1
216	OR94392	5/16 - 18 x 1 1/4 Hex Head Screw	1	267	OR91728	5mm Hex Wrench	1
217	OR91659	5/16 - 18 Hex Nut	1	268	OR90908	8mm x 10mm Open End Wrench	1
218	OR72056	Bolt	2	269	OR93975	12mm x 14mm Open End Wrench	1
219	OR72057	Fence	1	275	OR90761	M5 x 10mm Pan Head Screw	2
220	OR94393	5/16 - 18 x 1 5/8 Flat Head Screw	1	276	OR72071	Motor Cord	1
221	OR72058	Fence Block	1	277	OR72072	Power Cord	1
222	OR90462	M5 Flat Washer	2	278	OR94399	Strain Relief	2
223	OR94394	10 - 24 x 1/2 Soc Head Cap Screw	2	279	OR72073	Magnetic Switch	1
224	OR72059	Knob Shaft	1	280	OR72074	Switch Mount Assy	1
225	OR72060	Knob	1	281	OR90502	M6 Lock Washer	4
226	OR94395	1/2 - 20 Hex Nut	2	282	OR94400	1/4 - 20 x 1/2 Soc Head Cap Screw	4
227	OR72061	Bolt	2	301	OR72075	Manual (Not Shown)	1
228	OR90646	3/8 - 16 Hex Nut	4	302	OR72076	Manual French (Not Shown)	1
229	OR94396	Bolt	2	303	OR72077	Manual Spanish (Not Shown)	1

◆ NOTES ◆



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